

Responding to the PSC Request to Improve the CBP Monitoring Networks

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Background to review request

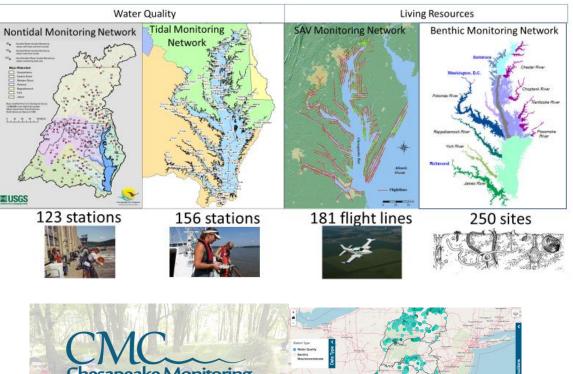


Monitoring Presentation to the Principal Staff Committee



- Lee McDonnell provided monitoring presentation on March 2
- Help them better understand CBP budget and funding for monitoring
- CBP networks:
 - Tidal water quality
 - Nontidal nutrients and sediment
 - SAV
 - Tidal Benthic organisms
 - Citizen Monitoring
- Current Funding:
 - CBP \$5M and partners >\$7M

CBP Partnership Monitoring Networks: Annual Monitoring





Opportunities and Benefits of PSC request

- Over a decade since the last CBP monitoring evaluation
- Address CBP Outcome: Standards Attainment and Monitoring Outcome
- Address selected monitoring needs of other CBP outcomes
- Consider new technologies and innovation
- Identify priority improvements and gaps

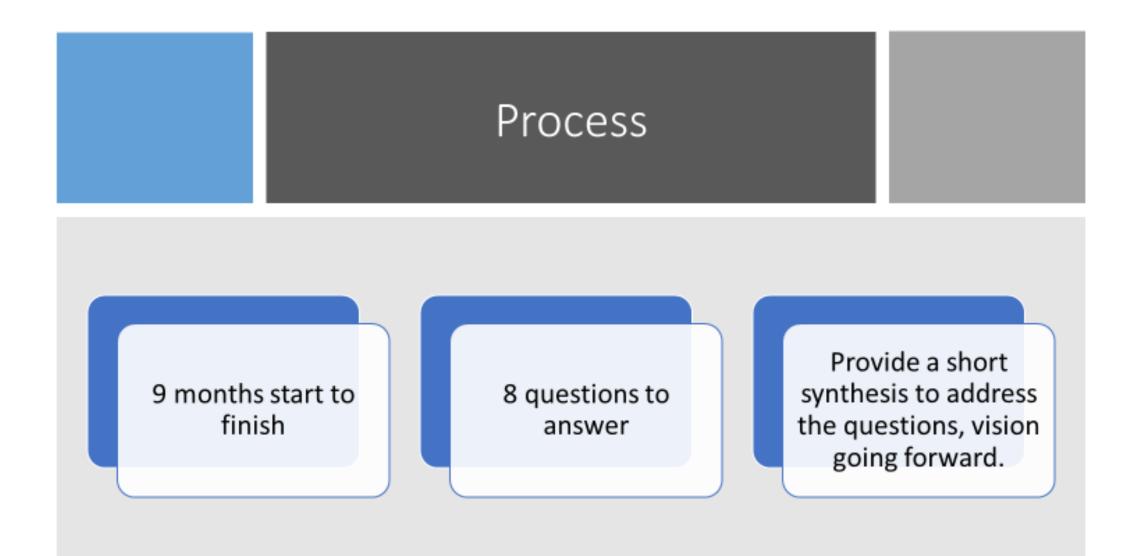
Through the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement, *the Chesapeake Bay Programulas committed to...*



Goal: Water Quality Outcome: Continually improve the capacity to monitor and assess the effects of management actions being undertaken to implement the Bay TMDL and improve water quality. Use the monitoring results to report annually to the public on

progress made in attaining established Bay water-quality standards and trends in reducing nutrients and sediment in the watershed.



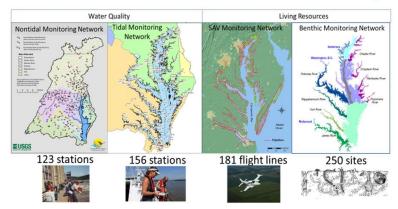


8 Questions to address in this 9-month review

1. Network Status?

- 2. Vulnerabilities to sustaining network operation?
- 3. Program management strategy?
- 4. Monitoring information gaps?
- 5. Monitoring program options for filling gaps with existing resources?
- 6. What innovations are available?
- 7. Who are the partners on operationalizing the innovations?
- 8. Financial perspective on sustaining, growing and innovation needs for our networks?







Example Product Target for PSC: Individual network portfolios with recommendations

Recommendations

- Partner with ABCD organizations to finalize protocols on satellite-based monitoring
- Adopt satellite-based monitoring for SAV, light, chla – CAP WG finalize.
- Adopt AI algorithm interpretation for satellitederived data for cost effective assessments – EPA approval needed.
- Increase 117e budget to augment losses on core monitoring \$X

Vulnerabilities

Category	Issue	Explained	
Inflation	Buying power	Lost capacity in time	
Level funding	COLA impact	Lost capacity in time with inflation	J
Aging infrastructure	Replacement costs	Resource distribution	
Contractor viability	Discontinuity of service	Missed sampling	
Pandemic	Safety	Missed sampling	
Staffing	Capacity	Missing capacity	

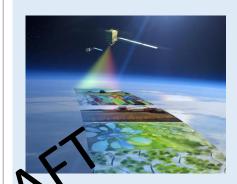
LUS - The current tidal monitoring network was established in 1984, its first full year was 1985. There are 154 active stations sampled for physical, chemical, and biological measures throughout the water column with a consistent set of collection and analysis protocols.

Tidal

Monitoring

Network

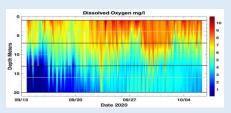
Innovations



Hi-Res satellite
SAV, light and CHLA



Enhanced monitoring with Community science support



Cutting edge, cost-effective vertical profiles of water quality

• Financials

- 2021 level funding at \$X.x M
- Projected program changes include X,Y Z

• Gaps

- Short duration D.O. criteria
- Efficient CHLA coverage
- Efficient light limitation coverage

Sharp, focused recommendations will be key



- Operationalize research to monitoring programming (e.g., satellite-based assessments)
- Acknowledge and grow partner commitments (e.g., NASA, NOAA)
- Enhanced use of existing resources (e.g., modeling bioassays)
- Define investment needs with planned gap filling return on investment (ROI) – (e.g., vertical profiler network development)



Timeline: Engaging groups across CBP for input

Teams/Groups	April 2021	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	2022
	General path of recommendations development for PSC: 9 months									
NTN										
CAP WG with DIWG										financials for
Hypoxia Collaborative	SPRING Status and vulnerabilities of existing network			SUMMER Innovation Assessment, Financials of Sustaining networks			FALL Evaluate limitations, Financials for adopting innovations, recommendations			recommendations, fi PSC Presentation
Cit Sci										
Fish Forage/Black Duck/117e grants	-		PSC PI							
Fish Habitat										
SAV										Consolidate
4-D Interpolator										Ő
STAC Workshop	Pre-plannir	ng work	Planning and organizing phase				Early Themed Workshop meetings			Continue
STAR/WQGIT updates	Presentati	on prep	Input from all GITs	Presentation prep		Input from all GITs	STAC Workshop panels, meeting support material Pl		Early PSC material PPT and review	
PSC Presentation										Х

Supporting group consultations



Data Integrity WG – All Network update considerations

Climate Resiliency WG – All networks Fish Habitat Action Team – Tidal network, Hypoxia Collaborative, 4D BORG links

Forage Fish Team – Benthic Network

Black Duck Team – Benthic Network

Healthy Habitats – outputs of 4-D analysis

Modeling WG – 4D water quality estimator

Water Quality GIT

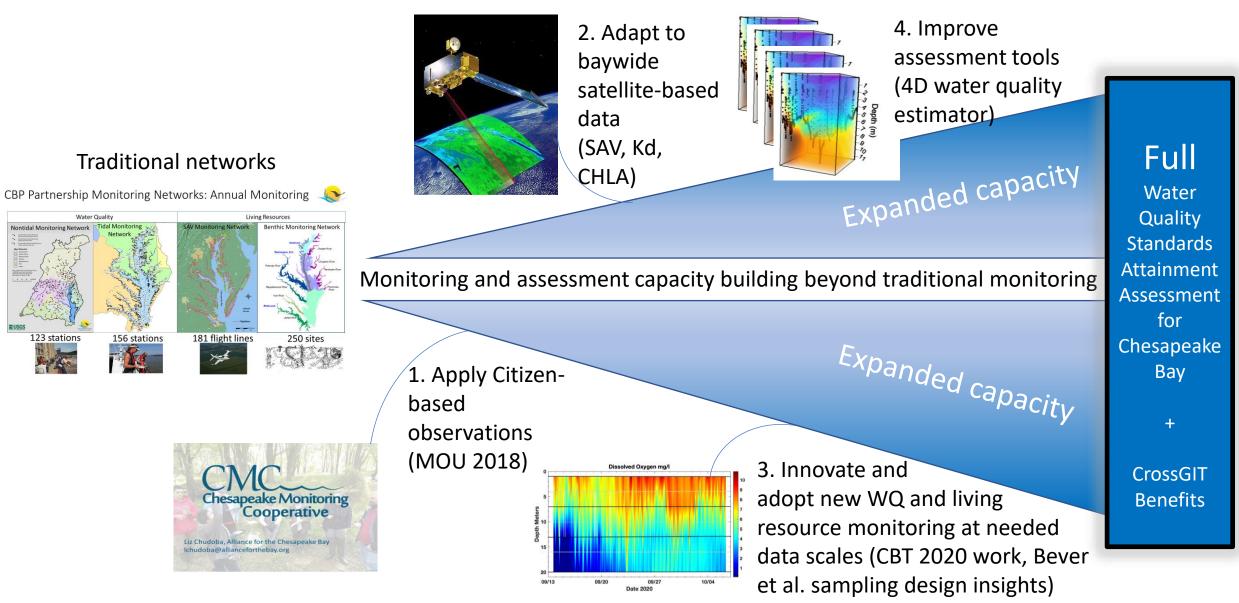
STAR

STAC

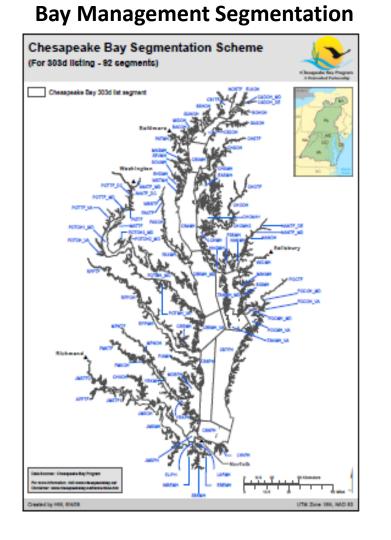
Detailed needs - small bites, coming soon.

Teams/Groups	April 2021	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	2022
	SPRING Status and vulnerabilities of existing network			SUMMER – Innovation Assessment, Financials of Sustaining networks			FALL Evaluate limitations, Financials for adopting innovations, recommendations			Winter
NTN	Network support financials, design		rulnerabilities,	Network revision proposals – BMP, climate, historical; financials of vulnerabilities next 5 years			Analysis innovation – target, timeline, investment. Formalize network & analysis revision recommendations			
CAP WG with DIWG	Tidal Mon program	status, volnerab	vitties, financials	Setellite SAV roadiness, data management, QA needs	Satellite kd reodiness, data management, QA needs	Satellite DILA readiness, data management, QA needs	Cit Sci targets, expectations	STAC Wishe Ko	nce -	financials for
Hypoxia Collaborative	Establish Team, kic stakeholder require	k-off mtg, provid ements, initial de	le Vision, input on aployment targets	Network design, sampling design adjustment			ionment ass			
Cit Sci	Awant of contract.			Tier 3 document	mew	ork ass	shere of Cit Sci data can			recommendations, PSC Presentation
Fish Forage/Black Duck/117e grants	is spring Billi nocessary?			tes, m	is in P	rogress	A since the second seco			
Fish Habitat	Deta	aileu P	pla	segment and QA needs						
SAV	Track acquis Establici (earr, provide Vision, stakeholder requirements,			Prep for STAC W assessment	/orkshop – sharp	en financial				
4-D Interpolator				Guidance and de updates	evelopment pha	se with monthly				
STAC Workshop	Pre-planning work			Planning and organizing phase			Early Themed Workshop meetings			Continue
STAR/WQGIT updates	Presentatio	kon prep	Input from all Gifs	Presentat	tion prep	input from all Cirts	STAC Workshop pa	ation prep rels, meeting support regeted	Early PSC material PPT and review	
PSC Presentation						10				х

We need to leverage successful research innovations. Adopt, integrate, and adapt to address capacity shortfalls.

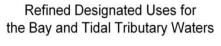


Synergies with other workgroups: Monitoring for habitat assessments will include water quality measure distributions and a new assessment frame is in the works.

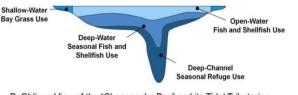


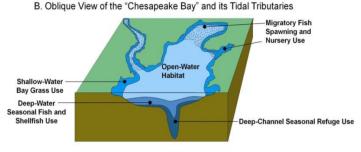
Water Quality Criteria:

- Dissolved oxygen
 - Requires temperature & salinity to define habitat
- * Water clarity/SAV
- * Chlorophyll *a*

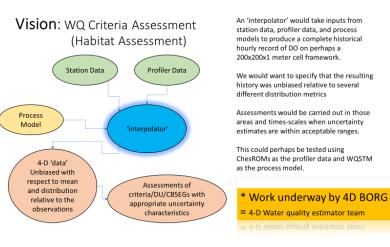








4-Dimensional Assessment Framework is evolving



WQ Standards Attainment will be one priority... but not the only target

Traditional networks

CBP Partnership Monitoring Networks: Annual Monitoring





- Water quality standards 0 of 92 segments have ever been fully assessed with our traditional monitoring and evaluation tools since criteria were published in USEPA (2003)
- Fish Habitat resolution improvements are needed over the National Assessment applied to Chesapeake Bay
 - We need to address capacity shortfalls
 - * We need to adapt our existing program to meet expanded decision-support needs with new objectives, e.g., climaterelated information needs

CRWG: Provide consultation on all networks to align monitoring with climate stressor info considerations

- Provide guidance on aligning climate stressors with current monitoring networks
 - E.g., What opportunities are there for better integrating citizen monitoring to help with monitoring needs?
 - E.g., What data is needed on increased water temperature and salinity to investigate impacts of climate change on freshwater SAV species, water quality standards
- Identify beneficial use of existing monitoring data to support CRWG Outcomes
 - E.g., Bay-wide water temperature indicator
- Identify beneficial use of new monitoring innovations within the score of current networks
 - E.g., Feed the new 4-dimensional interpolator with fisheries-based data collections that are already being used in fish habitat-climate interaction analyses
- Track future monitoring needs through Strategic Science and Research Framework



Next Steps

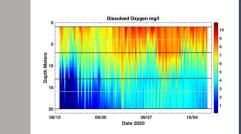
Deliver a work plan for PSC to endorse at their May 19, 2021 meeting

Coordinate with teams to address the questions for each network (Spring-Summer-Fall 2021)

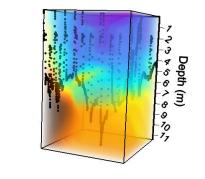
STAC workshop development and participation (fall-winter 2021-22)/recommendations tuning

Deliver recommendations to PSC by January 2022.









CBP Partnership Monitoring Networks: Annual Monitoring

Thank you and Discussion

CRWG assistance –



Chesapeake Bay Program

- Share your needs with justification to support monitoring density and distribution considerations
- parameter considerations with water quality related priority in this review
- Share more diverse monitoring needs to capture in final report recommendations for work beyond this review

Integrated partner contributions: It takes a village.

