

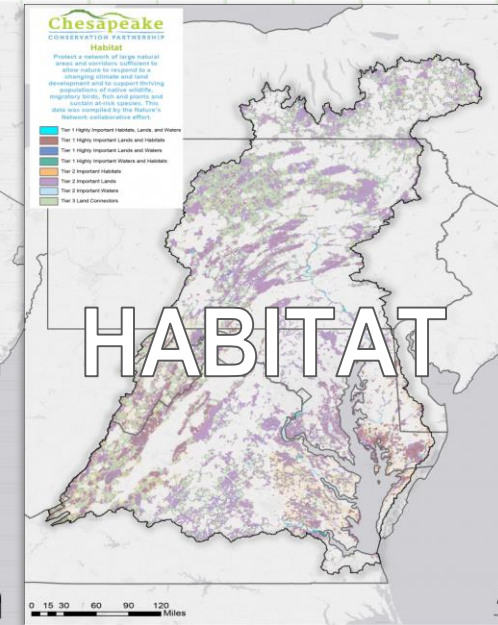
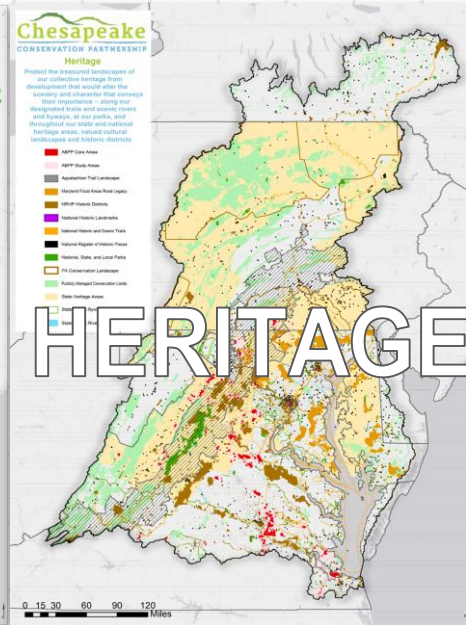
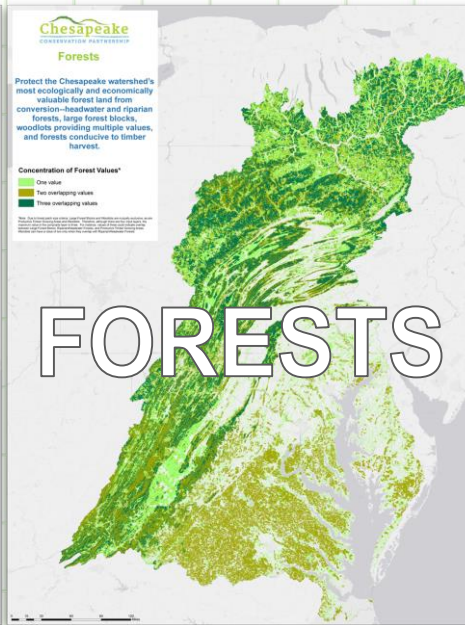
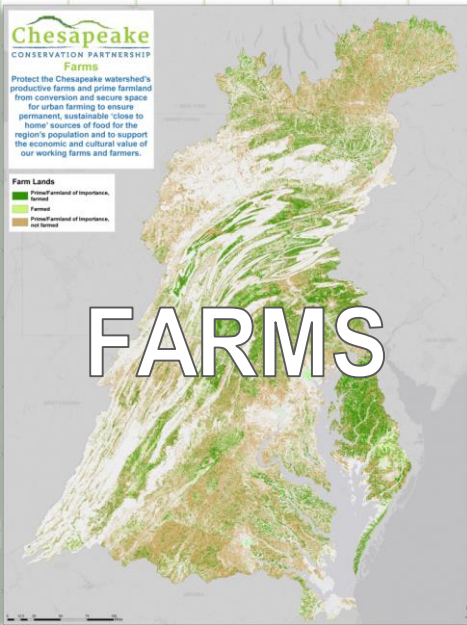
The background of the slide features a series of overlapping, wavy, curved bands in various shades of green, ranging from a deep forest green to a bright, almost yellow-green. The bands create a sense of movement and depth, similar to a stylized landscape or a dynamic abstract pattern.

The Chesapeake Conservation Partnership's Public Health Goal and Benefiting People

Today's Presentation

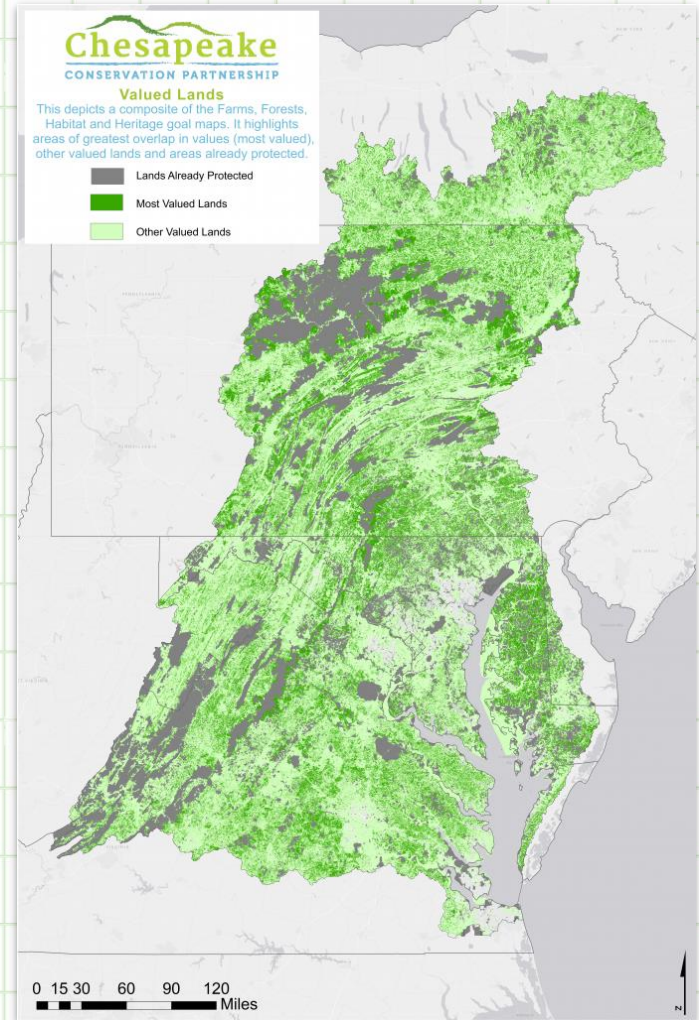
1. Overview of the Chesapeake Conservation Atlas
2. Review of the existing Human Health Goal
 - a. Existing Human Health Map
 - b. Existing Human Health Goal
3. Explanation of Current Public Health Goal
4. Overview of Existing Mapping Measures
5. Next Steps
6. Benefits to People

Atlas Overview - 4 Goals



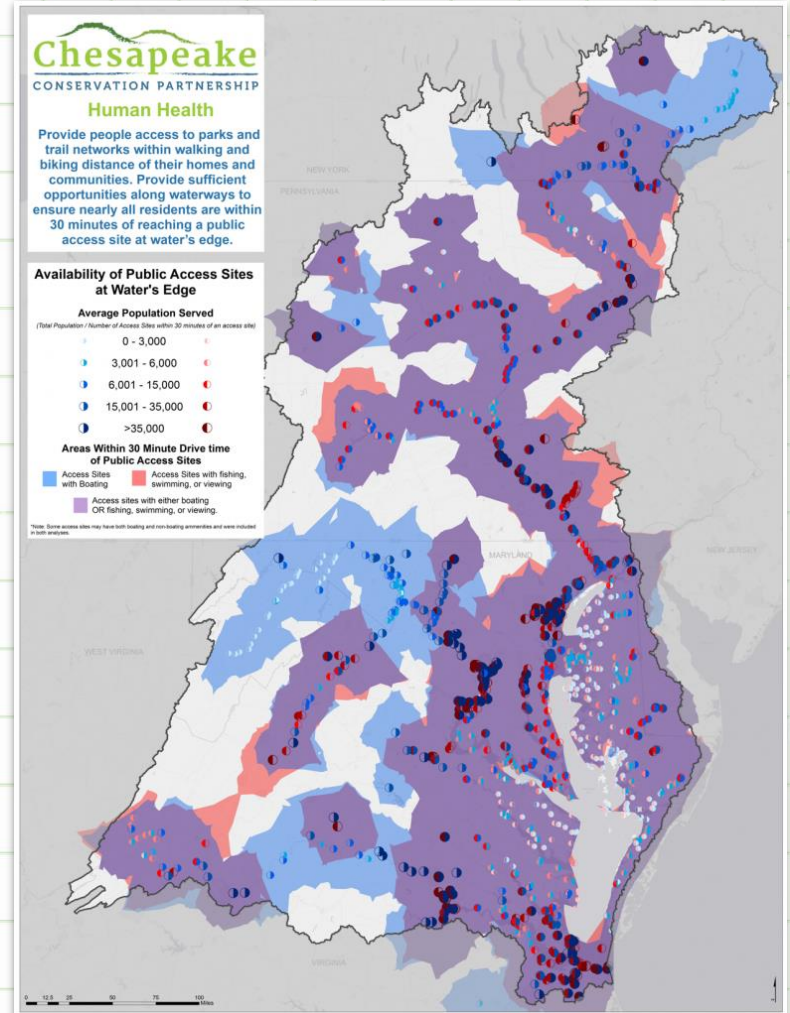
Atlas Overview - 30 x 30

- The “Our Valued Lands” map represents a composite of the Farms, Forests, Habitat and Heritage goals.
- The highly valued lands represent the land prioritized from those goals to reach the CCP’s 30x30 goals



Human Health

Provide people access to parks and trail networks within walking and biking distance of their homes and communities. Through efforts of conservation, strive to ensure all communities have equal access to clean water, air, and cooling environments for their well-being. Provide sufficient opportunities along waterways to ensure nearly all residents are within (a 5 minute walk and) 30 minutes of reaching a public access site at water's edge.



Issues

- **Our other 4 goals addressed human health as well**
- **A stated interest in equity topics from the Partnership, but no existing goal to achieve them under**
- **The usage of access as a framework was limiting to existing ongoing work within the partnership**

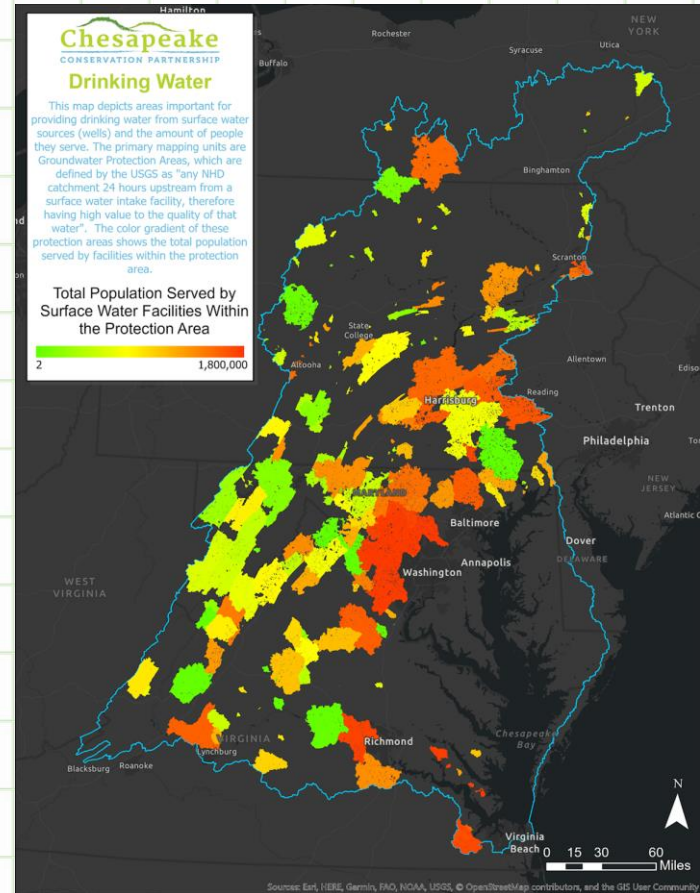
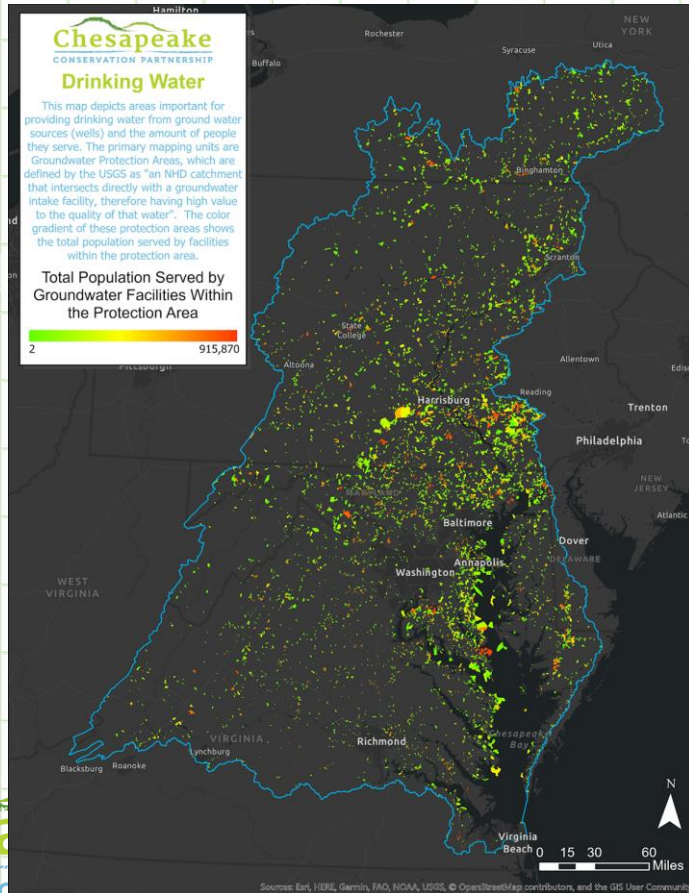
New Goal- Public Health

Protect, conserve, and enhance lands that support equitable public health for all, with an urgent focus on underserved communities, both urban and rural:

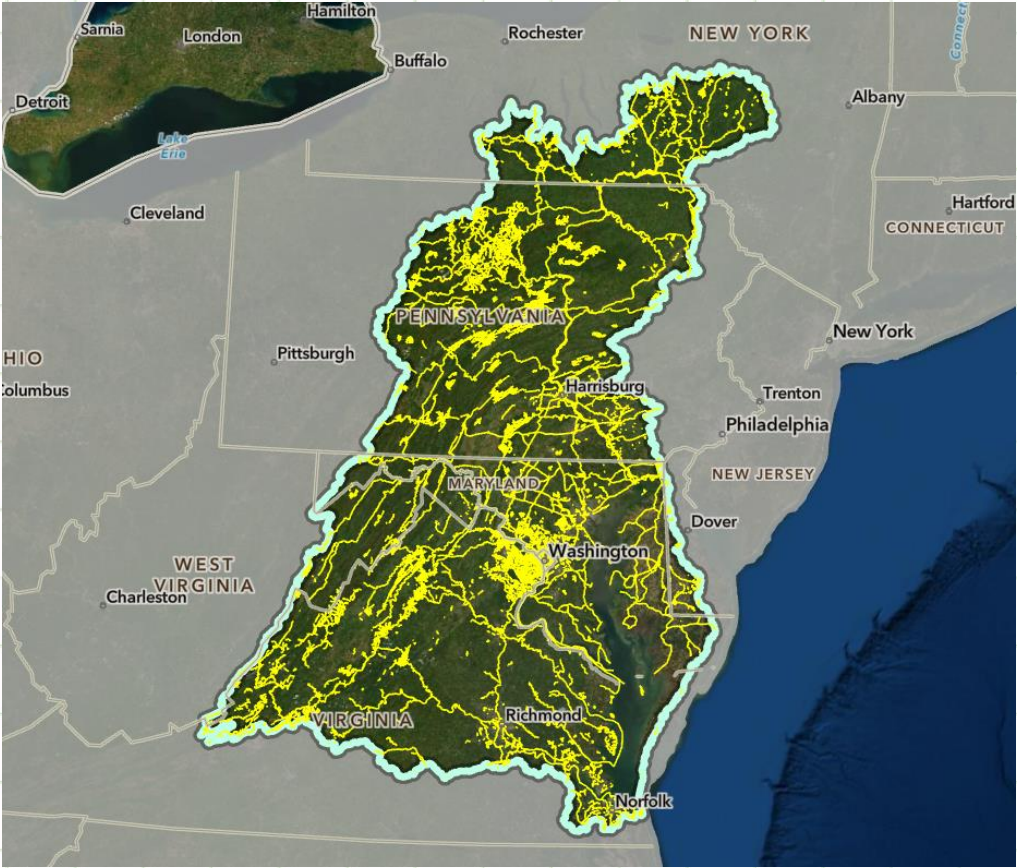
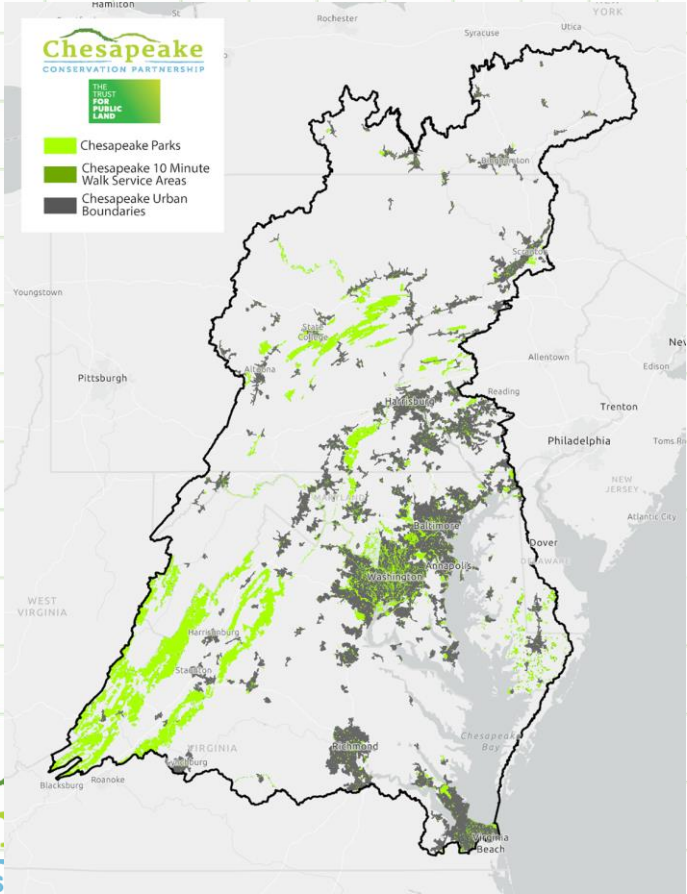
- safeguard drinking water protection areas;
- provide various types of neighborhood green spaces (interconnected where feasible) with a diversity of uses to enhance overall public physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual health;
- ensure all people have access to wooded areas, parks, trails and/or public green spaces within a ten minute walk; and
- provide public access sites along Chesapeake Bay waterways within 30 minutes for all.



Drinking Water Protection Areas



Public Access - Parks and Trails



Neighborhood Green Spaces

- **Funded by EPA and in partnership with the Chesapeake Bay Trust, Skeo is supporting development of a map tool to help conservation and community organizations identify low-income communities of color with limited green space.**
- **The goal is for community and conservation groups to use the map sets to identify areas in the Chesapeake Bay with limited or no green space and make investments to increase green space for low-income, communities of color.**



Next Steps

- **Completion of Skeo project**
- **Align funding priorities around this new goal**
- **Implementation of *community-scale* projects and practices**

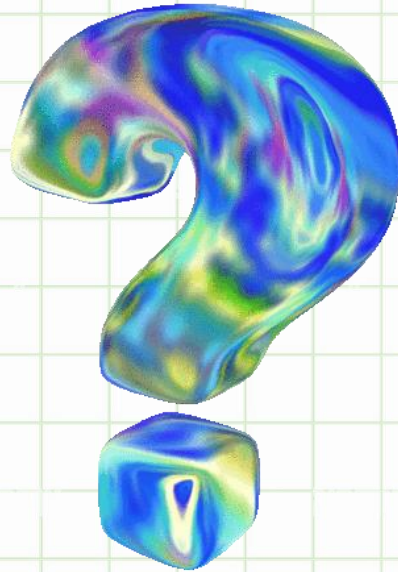


Benefits to People

- The new Public Health goal focuses on prioritizing underserved communities, both rural and urban
- The focus on community-scale initiatives helps test the effectiveness of these efforts
- The shift from “Human Health” to “Public Health” represents a more intentional focus on the neighborhoods, people, and communities of the Chesapeake



Questions?



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