



One-meter Resolution Land Use/Land Cover Data Release

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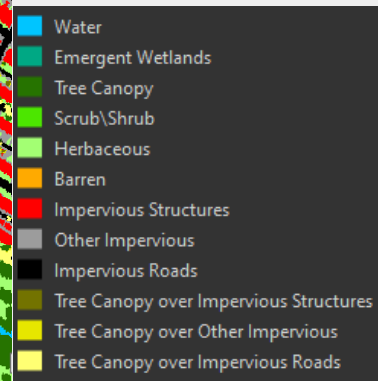
What is Land Cover/Land Use?

- **Land cover describes the physical land surface** (e.g., tree canopy, open water, low vegetation)
- Land cover is classified using satellite/aerial imagery, digital elevation data, and building footprints. The pixels within the imagery are grouped and segmented into "objects" that get classified.
- The 2017/18 land cover data were produced by the University of Vermont team after preliminary data was reviewed by local stakeholders, LUWG, and other Chesapeake Bay Program partners. Feedback was used to revise classification protocols and re-classify the landscape.
- **Land use indicates how people make use of the land** (e.g., cropland, recreation, solar)
- Land use is derived from land cover data using ancillary data to translate physical land features into nuanced classes indicating the type of human activities on the land.
- The 2017/18 land use data are being produced by Chesapeake Conservancy in partnership with staff at USGS. Preliminary data was reviewed by Chesapeake Bay Program partners; feedback was used to revise the decision rules and protocols used to produce the classification.

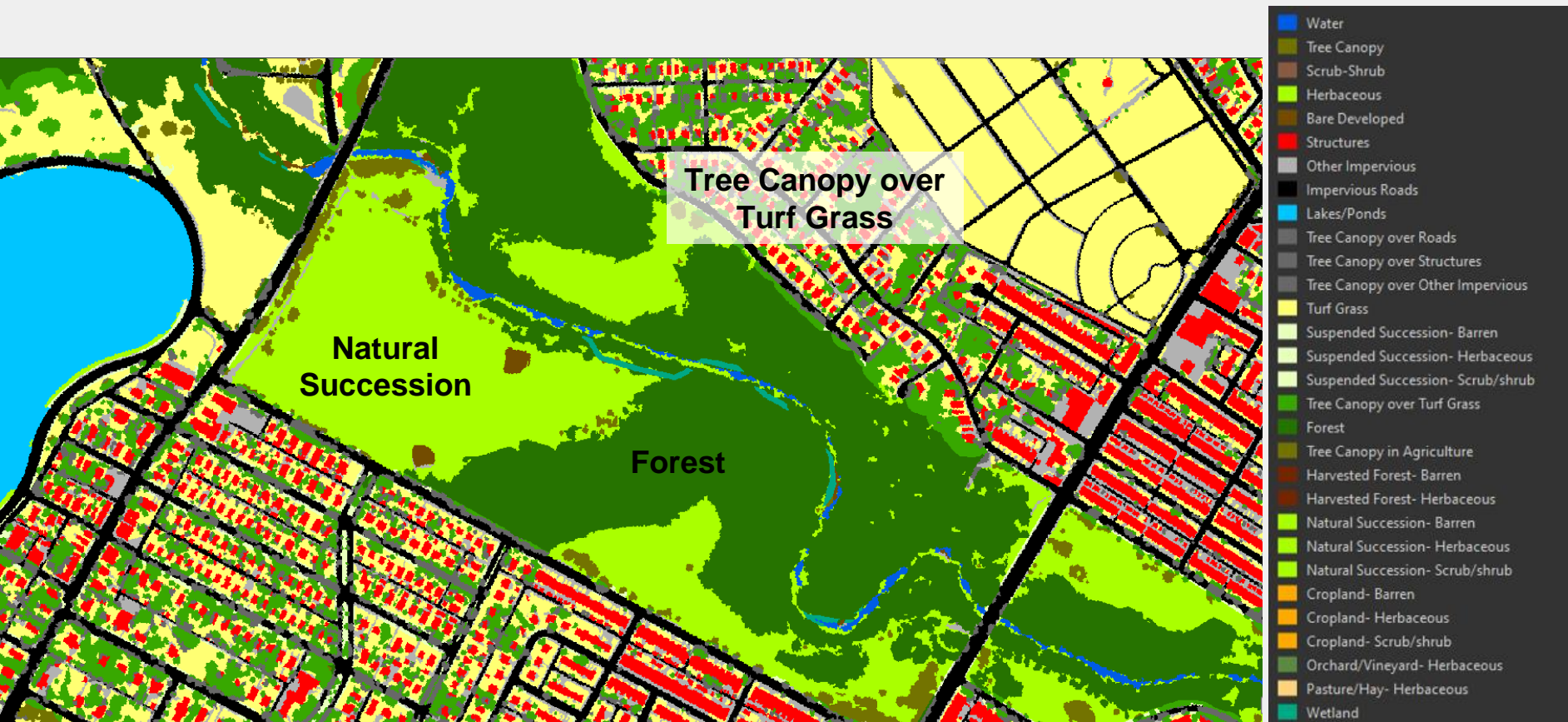
2017/18 Aerial Imagery (USDA's NAIP)



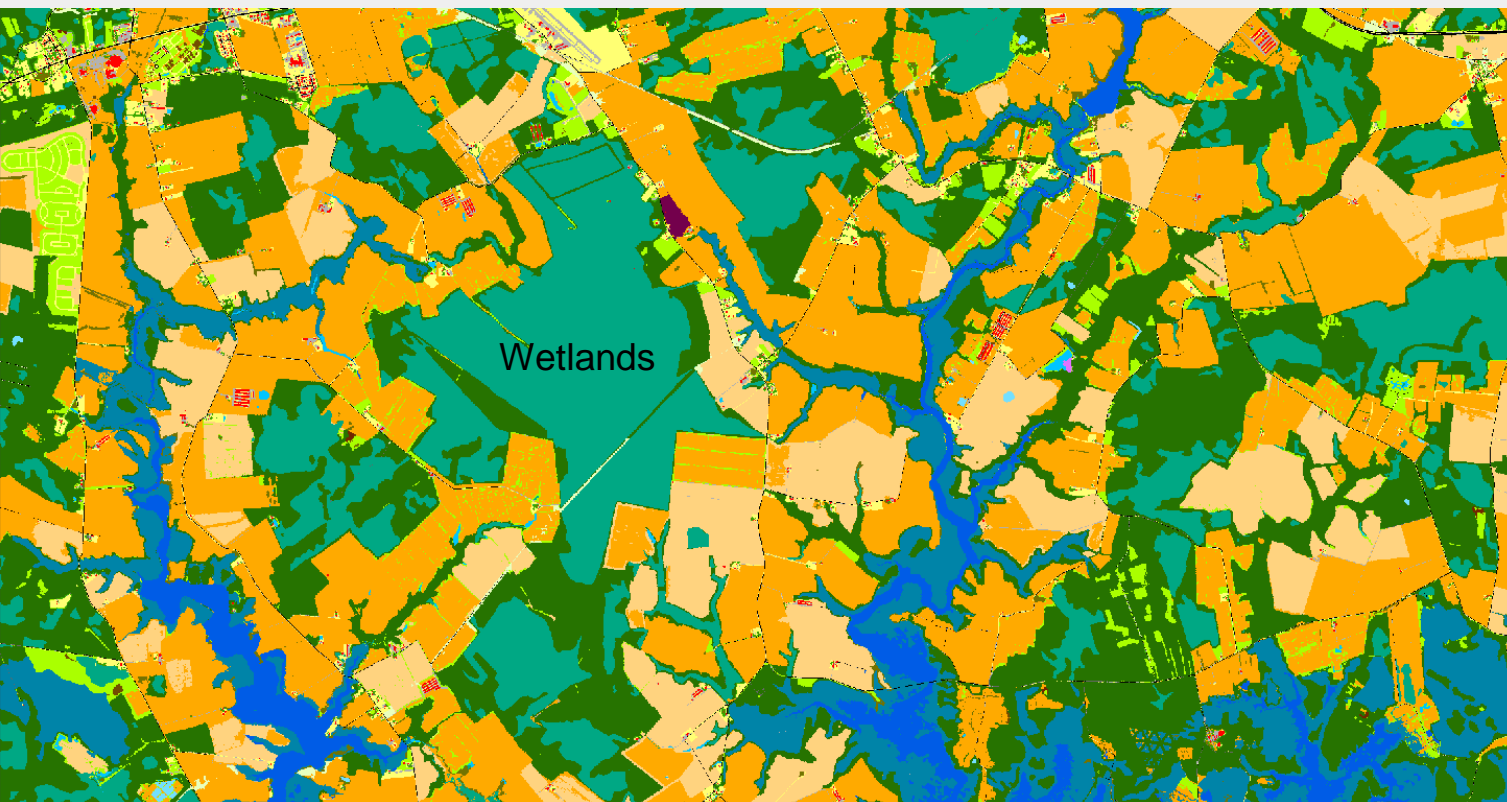
2017/18 Land Cover (12 class)



2017/18 Land Use/Land Cover (18 class, Baltimore City)

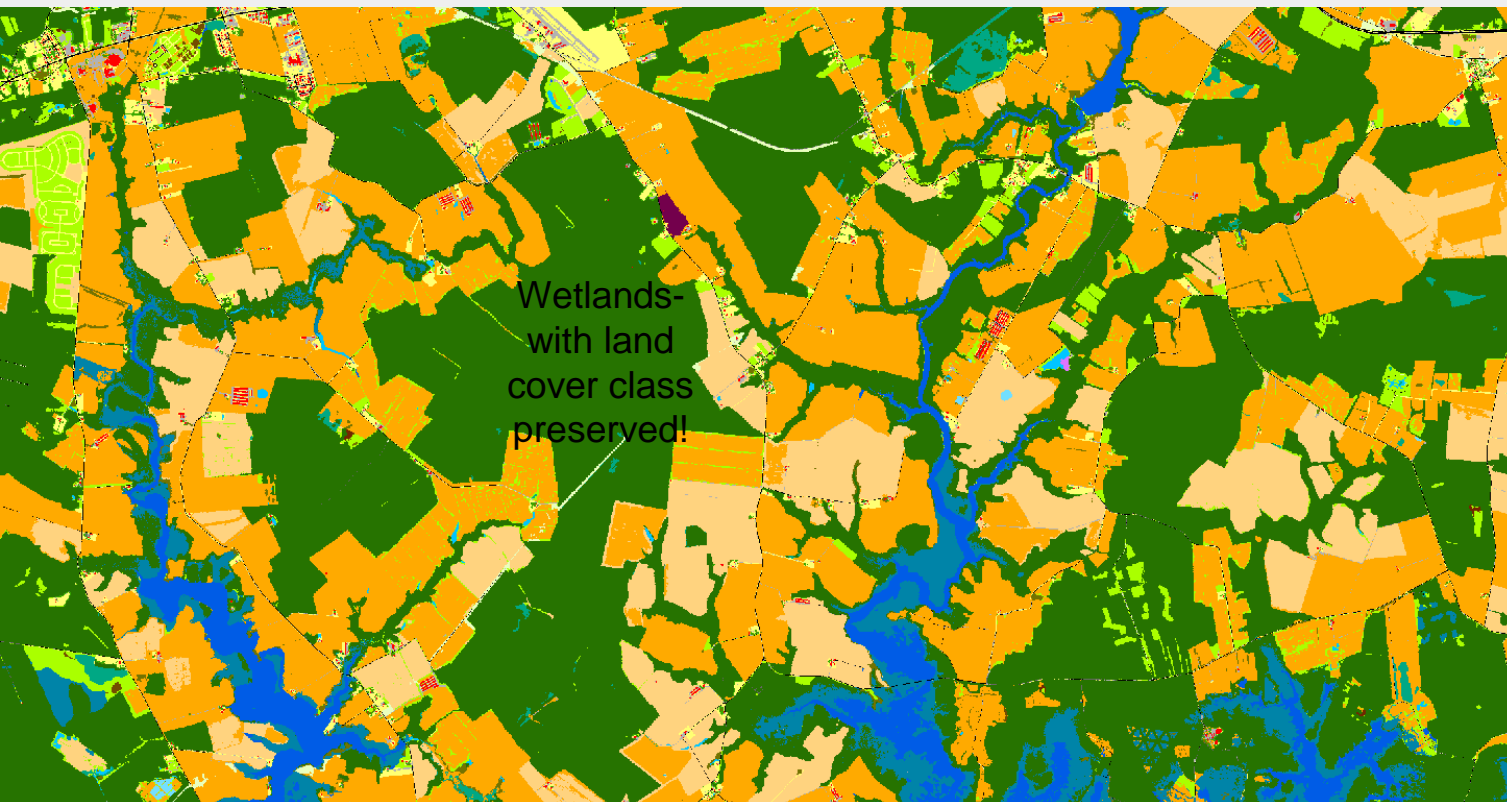


2017/18 Land Use/Land Cover (18 class, Dorchester County, MD)



- Tidal Wetlands Barren
- Tidal Wetlands Herbaceous
- Tidal Wetlands Scrub/Shrub
- Tidal Wetlands Tree Canopy
- Tidal Wetlands Forest
- Riverine Wetlands Barren
- Riverine Wetlands Herbaceous
- Riverine Wetlands Scrub/Shrub
- Riverine Wetlands Tree Canopy
- Riverine Wetlands Forest
- Terrene Wetlands Barren
- Terrene Wetlands Herbaceous
- Terrene Wetlands Scrub/Shrub
- Terrene Wetlands Tree Canopy
- Terrene Wetlands Forest
- Bare Shore

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- Terrene Wetlands Tree Canopy
- Terrene Wetlands Forest
- Bare Shore

CBP Land Use/Cover Classification (62 planned for 2021/22, 54 classes mapped for 2017/18)

1. Water (11)

1.1 Estuarine/ Marine

1.2 Lentic (fresh)

1.2.1 Lakes and reservoirs

1.2.2 Riverine ponds

1.2.3 Terrene ponds

1.3 Lotic

1.3.1 Channels

1.3.1.1 Open Channel

1.3.1.2 Tree Canopy over Channel

1.3.1.3 Culverted

1.3.2 Ditches

1.3.2.1 Open Ditch

1.3.2.2 Tree Canopy over Ditch

1.3.2.3 Culverted

2. Development (12)

2.1 Impervious

2.1.1 Roads

2.1.2 Structures

2.1.3 Other Impervious

2.1.4 Tree Canopy (TC) over Impervious

2.1.4.1 TC over Roads

2.1.4.2 TC over Structures

2.1.4.3 TC over Other Impervious

2.2 Pervious

2.2.1 Turf Grass

2.2.2 Transitional- barren

2.2.3 Suspended Succession

2.2.3.1 Barren

2.2.3.2 Herbaceous

2.2.3.3 Scrub-shrub

2.2.4 Tree Canopy over Turf Grass

3. Natural (forest-related) (7)

3.1 Forest (≥ 1 acre, 240-ft width)

3.2 Other Tree Canopy

3.3 Harvested Forest (≤ 3 years)

3.3.1 Barren

3.3.2 Herbaceous

3.4 Natural Succession (> 3 years)

3.4.1 Barren

3.4.2 Herbaceous

3.4.3 Scrub-shrub

4. Production (17)

4.1 Agriculture

4.1.1 Cropland

4.1.1.1 Barren

4.1.1.2 Herbaceous

4.1.2 Pasture/Hay

4.1.2.1 Barren

4.1.2.2 Herbaceous

4.1.2.3 Scrub-shrub

4.1.3 Orchard/vineyard

4.1.3.1 Barren

4.1.3.2 Herbaceous

4.1.3.3 Scrub-shrub

4.1.4 Animal Operations

4.1.4.1 Impervious

4.1.4.2 Barren

4.1.4.3 Herbaceous

4.2 Solar fields

4.2.1 Impervious

4.2.2 Pervious

4.2.2.1 Barren

4.2.2.2 Herbaceous

4.2.2.3 Scrub-shrub

4.3 Extractive (active mines)

4.3.1 Barren

4.3.2 Impervious

5. Wetlands and Water Margins (16)

5.1 Tidal

5.1.1 Barren

5.1.2 Herbaceous

5.1.3 Scrub-shrub

5.1.4 Other Tree Canopy

5.1.5 Forest

5.2 Riverine (Non-tidal)

5.2.1 Barren

5.2.2 Herbaceous

5.2.3 Scrub-shrub

5.2.4 Other Tree Canopy

5.2.5 Forest

5.3 Terrene/Isolated (Non-tidal)

5.3.1 Barren

5.3.2 Herbaceous

5.3.3 Scrub-shrub

5.3.4 Other Tree Canopy

5.3.5 Forest

5.4 Bare shore

Note: White, yellow, and blue classes are mapped for 2017/18. Grey classes will be added to all years with the production of the 2021/22 LULC.

Proposed Generalized Land Use (18 classes)

1. Impervious, Roads

- 2.1 Impervious
 - 2.1.1 Roads

2. Impervious, Structures

- 2.1 Impervious
 - 2.1.2 Structures

2. Impervious, Other

- 2.1 Impervious
 - 2.1.3 Other Impervious
- 4.2 Solar fields
 - 4.2.1 Impervious

3. Tree Canopy Over Impervious

- 2.1 Impervious
 - 2.1.4 Tree Canopy over Impervious

4. Turf Grass

- 2.2 Pervious, Developed
 - 2.2.1 Turf Grass

5. Tree Canopy over Turf Grass

- 2.2 Pervious, Developed
 - 2.2.4 Tree Canopy over Turf Grass

6. Pervious Developed, Other

- 2.2 Pervious, Developed
 - 2.2.2 Transitional- barren
 - 2.2.3 Suspended Succession
- 4.2 Solar fields
 - 4.2.2 Pervious

7. Forest

- 3.1 Forest (≥ 1 acre, 240-ft width)
- 5.1 Tidal
 - 5.1.5 Forest (≥ 1 acre, 240-ft width)
- 5.2 Riverine (Non-tidal)
 - 5.2.5 Forest (≥ 1 acre, 240-ft width)
- 5.3 Terrene/Isolated (Non-tidal)
 - 5.3.5 Forest (≥ 1 acre, 240-ft width)

8. Tree Canopy, Other

- 3.2 Other Tree Canopy
- 5.1 Tidal
 - 5.1.4 Other Tree Canopy
- 5.2 Riverine (Non-tidal)
 - 5.2.4 Other Tree Canopy
- 5.3 Terrene/Isolated (Non-tidal)
 - 5.3.4 Other Tree Canopy

9. Harvested Forest

- 3.3 Harvested Forest (≤ 3 years)

10. Natural Succession

- 3.4 Natural Succession (> 3 years)
- 5.4 Bare shore, Water Margins

11. Wetlands, Tidal non-forested

- 5.1 Tidal Wetlands
 - 5.1.1 Barren
 - 5.1.2 Herbaceous
 - 5.1.3 Scrub-shrub

12. Wetlands, Riverine Non-forested

- 5.2 Riverine Wetlands (Non-tidal)
 - 5.1.1 Barren
 - 5.1.2 Herbaceous
 - 5.1.3 Scrub-shrub

13. Wetlands, Terrene Non-forested

- 5.3 Terrene/Isolated Wetlands (Non-tidal)
 - 5.1.1 Barren
 - 5.1.2 Herbaceous
 - 5.1.3 Scrub-shrub

14. Extractive

- 4.3 Extractive (active mines)
 - 4.3.1 Barren
 - 4.3.2 Impervious

15. Cropland

- 4.1 Agriculture
 - 4.1.1 Cropland
 - 4.1.3 Orchard/vineyard

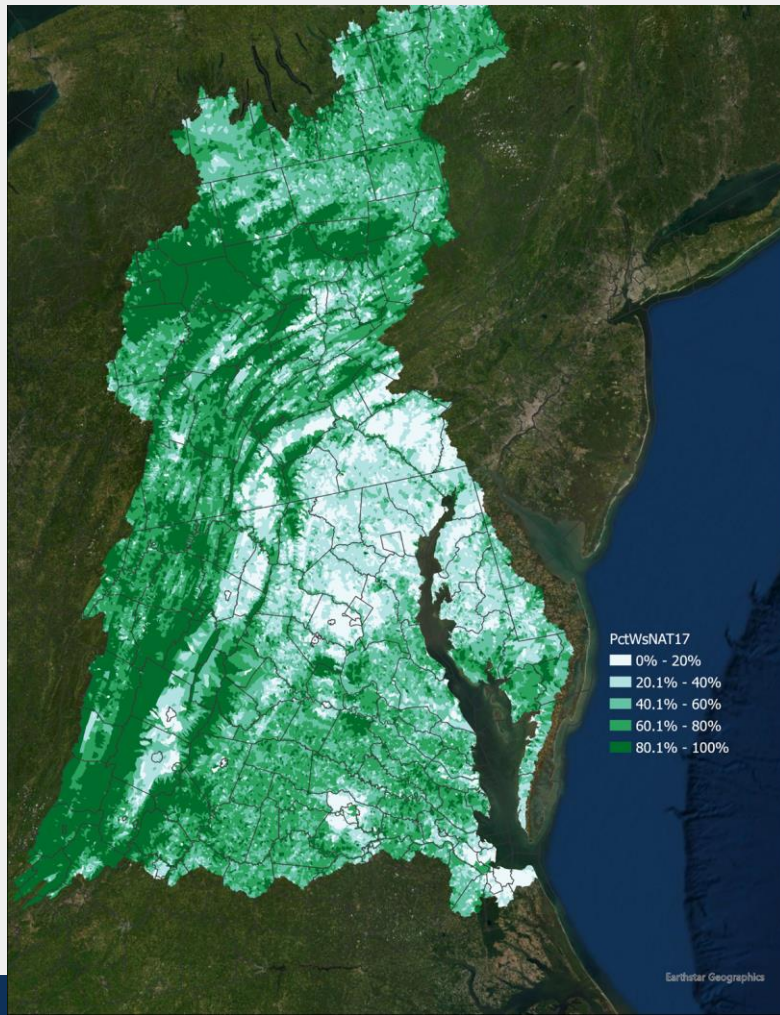
16. Pasture/Hay

- 4.1 Agriculture
 - 4.1.2 Pasture/Hay

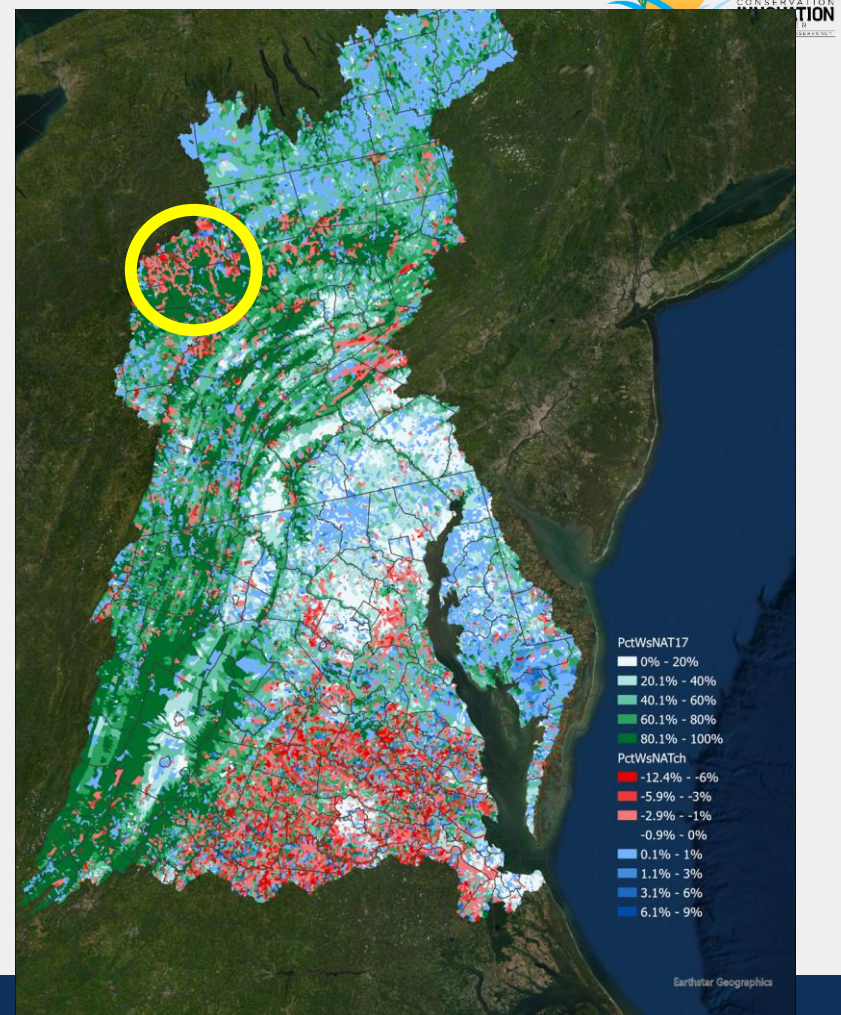
17. Water

- 1.1 Estuarine/ Marine
- 1.2 Lentic
- 1.3 Lotic

Tree Cover and Wetlands, 2017 (accum. %)



Tree Cover and Wetland Change, 2013-17 (accum. %)



2013

2017

Land Use Change 2013-2017



Land Use Change Matrices (by county, state*, and watershed)

2013/14 Land Use	2017/18 Land Use																	Decrease
	ROAD	IMPO	TCIS	TURF	TCTG	PDEV	FORE	TCOT	NATS	HARF	RIVW	TERW	TDLW	CROP	PAST	EXTR	WATR	
	ROAD	-	56	1,143	6	47	217			24	3	0	0	1	2		0	
	IMPO	598	-	2,632	4,653	533	230			3,985	41	12	4	442	1,124		16	
	TCIS	114	1,307	-	2,167	13	6			2,702	11	1	0	57	91		0	
	TURF	250	5,904	0	-	11,210	344			1,879	17	3	2	45	69		13	
	TCTG	104	5,954	0	11,368	-	98			4,495	-	-	-	516	472		4	
	PDEV																	
	FORE	1,152	15,164	17	10,660	15,779	-			299,732	-	-	-	20,609	22,054		143	
	TCOT																	
	NATS																	
	HARF	1,519	27,718	1	28,503	1,037	106,876			-	-	-	-	943	1,788		748	169,132
	RIVW	0	0	-	2	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-		0	
	TERW	-	-	-	2	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
	TDLW	-	-	-	0	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
	CROP	61	3,944	0	302	40	3,263			1,348	-	-	-	-	151		104	
	PAST	51	4,655	0	451	44	4,591			1,038	-	-	-	178	-		63	
	EXTR																	
	WATR	1	103	-	2	25	192			264	14	0	9	29	19		-	
	Increase	3,852	64,806	3,794	58,116	28,729	115,815			315,469	85	17	14	22,818	25,770		1,092	
	TotIncr	3,852	64,806	3,794	58,116	28,729	115,815			315,469	85	17	14	22,818	25,770		1,092	
	TotDecr	1,499	14,272	6,470	19,736	23,011	385,312			169,132	2	2	0	9,213	11,070		657	640,378
	NetChng	2,353	50,534	(2,675)	38,380	5,717	(269,496)			146,337	83	15	14	13,605	14,700		434	

- Spatial resolution (1-meter cells)
 - i.e. 53% more impervious in the Bay watershed compared to 30-meter resolution LULC data
- Categorical resolution (50+ classes)
- Accuracy (95% accuracy anticipated for tree canopy and impervious surface classes)
- Change (project is focused on accurately monitoring land use change every 3-5 years)

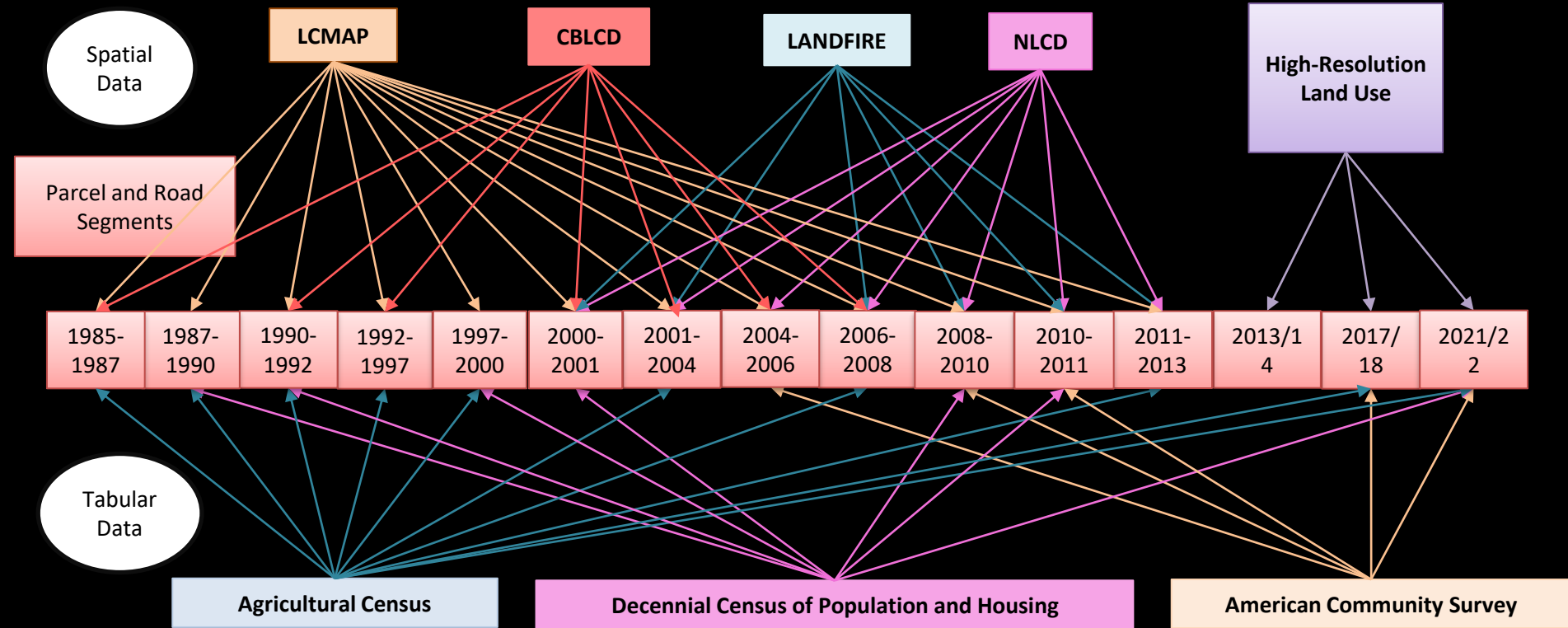
Unique Qualities of the Land Use Data

Applications, Caveats, and Future Releases

Caveats:

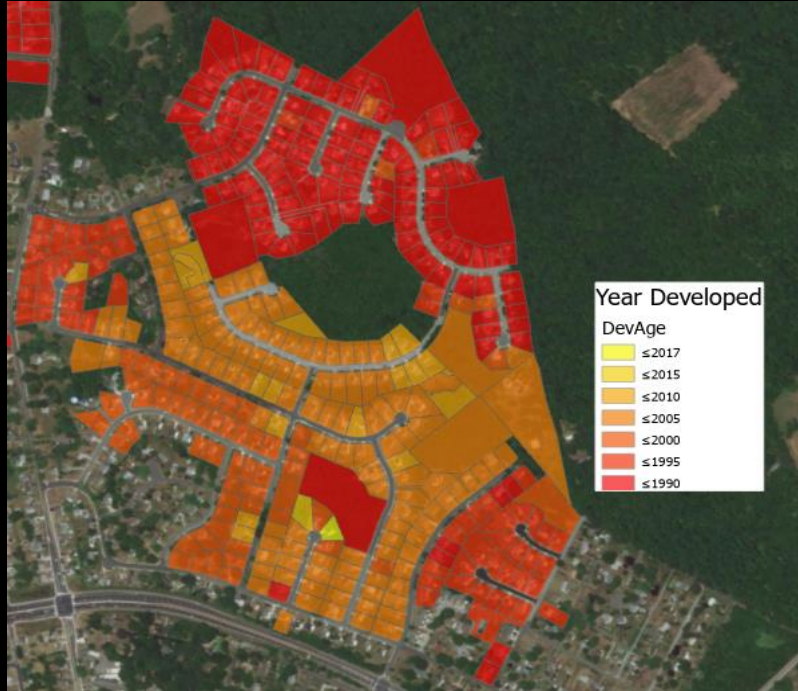
- Data will be retrospectively revised with future data releases
 - Streams, ditches, and animal operations will be added in 2021/22 data planned for release in 2024
 - Digital surface models (elevation of objects) will be added to workflow
 - Methods and ancillary data will be further refined
 - All updates will be applied to 2013/14 and 2017/18 LULC data to ensure accurate change
- A longer temporal record is needed to interpret certain types of LULC change
 - Pre-2013/14 land use data are needed to distinguish forest and farmland conversion to development
 - Post-2017/18 land use are needed to verify the end state of transitional land uses (e.g., natural succession, suspended succession)
- Potential to confuse transitional and temporary change with permanent change
 - Timber harvest is the largest change in the Bay watershed but signifies only a temporary change in tree cover, not a loss.
 - Changes from forest to tree canopy over turf grass represent a contextual change, not a loss of tree cover.
- Periods of change vary by state: 5 years for MD and DE; 4 years for DC, NY, PA, VA, and WV.

Mapping Land Use Change Back to 1985

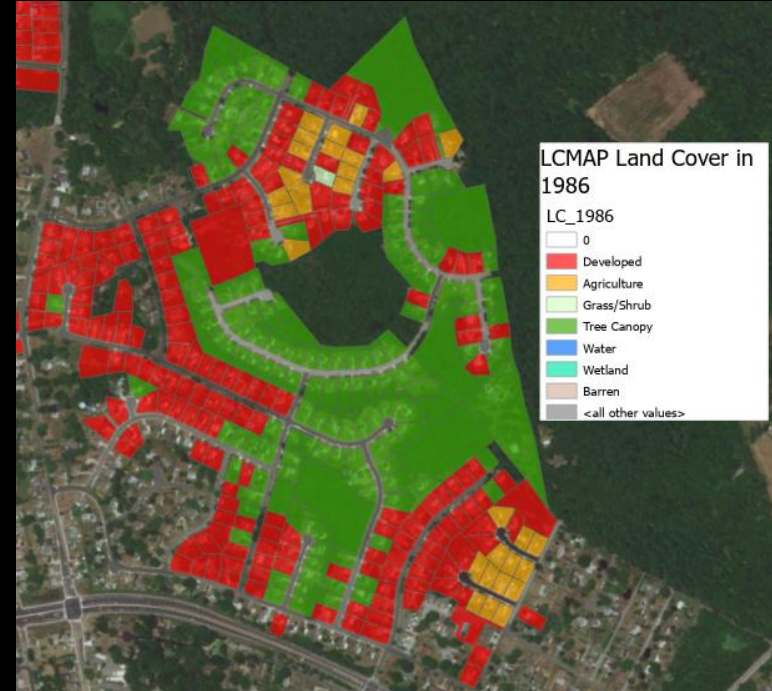


Back-Casting Development Example

Year Developed (LCMAP)



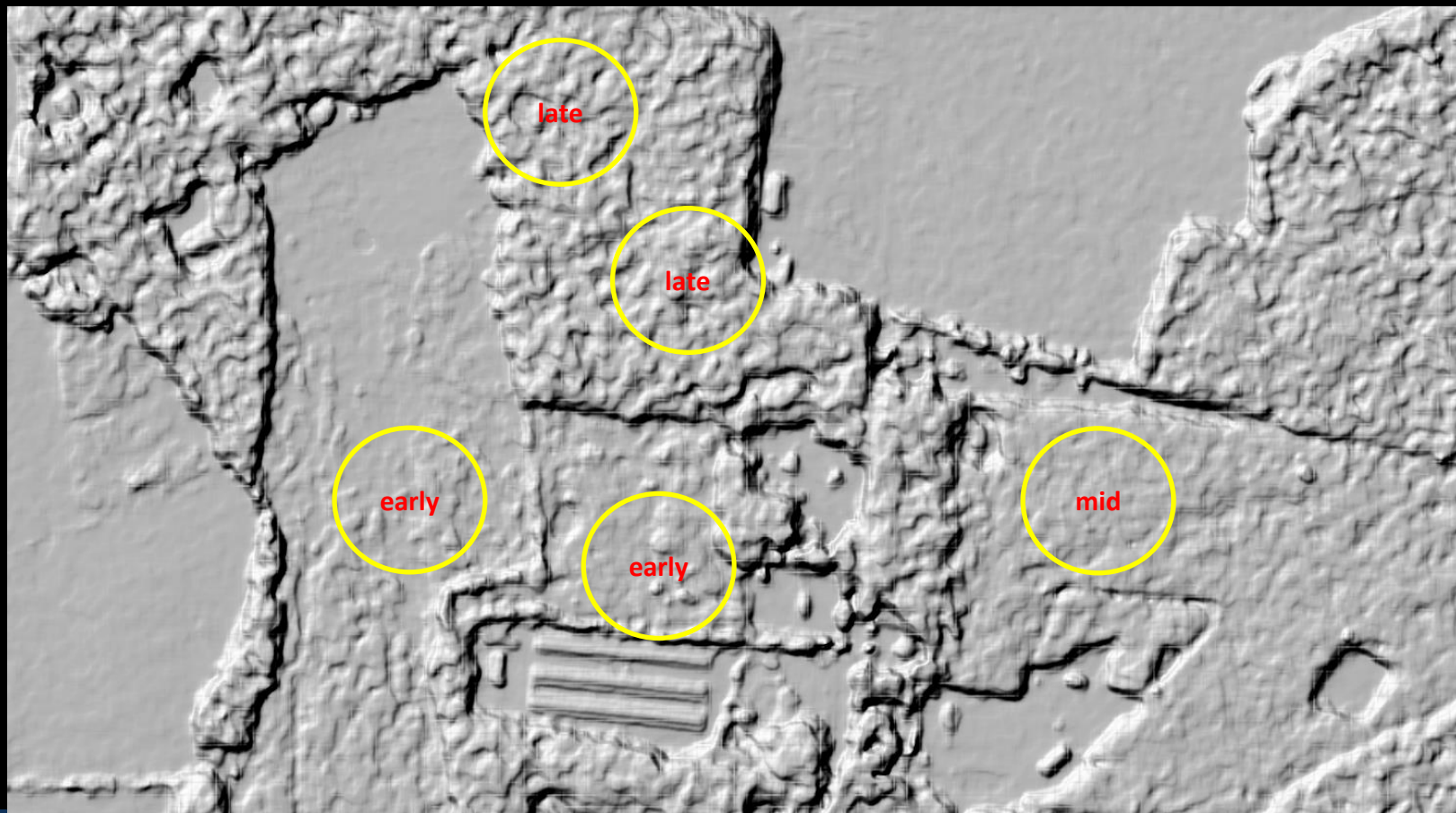
Land Cover 1986 (LCMAP)



Aerial Imagery (Google)



Digital Surface Model (NAIP)



Applications, Caveats, and Future Releases

Future Releases:

- Spring 2024
 - 2021/22 LULC and LULC change from 2013/14 to 2017/18 to 2021/22
 - Hyper-resolution streams, channels, and ditches with channel and flow permanence attributes
- Spring 2028 (TBD funding)
 - 2025/26 LULC and LULC change from 2013/14 to 2017/18 to 2021/22 to 2025/26
- Spring 2032 (TBD funding)
 - 2029/30 LULC and LULC change from 2013/14 to 2017/18 to 2021/22 to 2025/26 to 2029/30

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Questions? Feedback?

Interested in being notified when the
data is released? Email Katie.