Overview of BayTrends, a CBP software package for Water Quality Trend Detection.

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Talk outline

- 1. Overview of BayTrends
- 2. Handling of censored data
- 3. Modeling of Laboratory methods changes

Key Features of BayTrends:

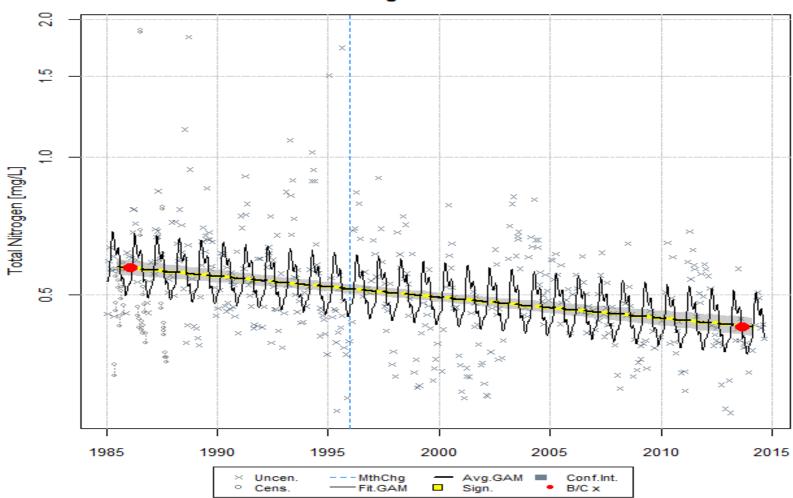
Written in R, an open source statistical programming environment

Makes extensive use of Generalized Additive Models (gams)

Estimates non-monotonic trends

Does Flow adjustment

Total Nitrogen-Surface at CB6.1



gam number = 0 title = Linear Trend with Seasonality model = ~ cyear + s(doy,bs='cc')

Table: GAM Analysis of Variance - CB6.1 - S - tn

type	source	df	F	p.value
parametric terms	cyear	1	64.944	< 0.0001
smoothed terms	s(doy)	7.07	9.1123	< 0.0001

Table: GAM Parameter Coefficients. - CB6.1 - S - tn

source	estimate	std.error	t.value	p.value
(Intercept)	-0.696489	0.011518	-60.4708	< 0.0001
cyear	-0.010527	0.001306	-8.0588	< 0.0001

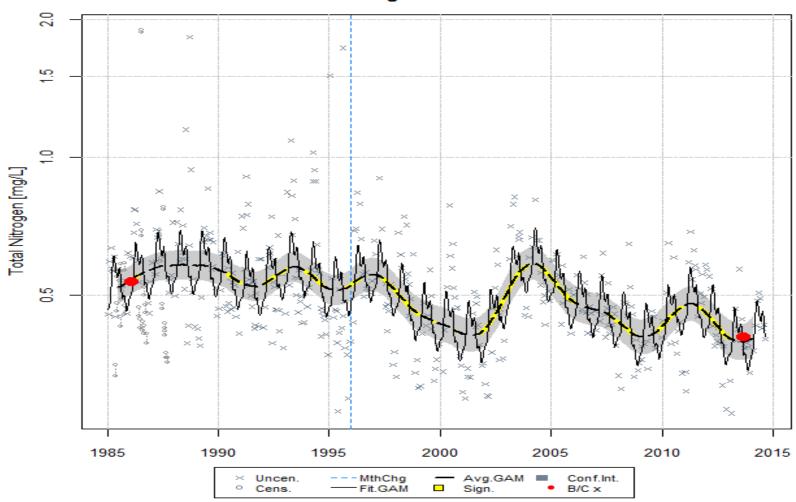
Table: GAM Diagnostics. - CB6.1 - S - tn

AIC RMSE		AdjRsquare	
-7.53	0.237	0.235	

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

Calculation	Estimate
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.5571 (0.5729)
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.8518 (0.4266)
Estimated log difference	-0.2948
Std. Err. log difference	0.0366
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.3665, -0.2231)
Difference p-value	< 0.0001
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate (%)	-25.53%
Period of Record	1985 - 2014

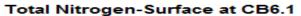
Total Nitrogen-Surface at CB6.1

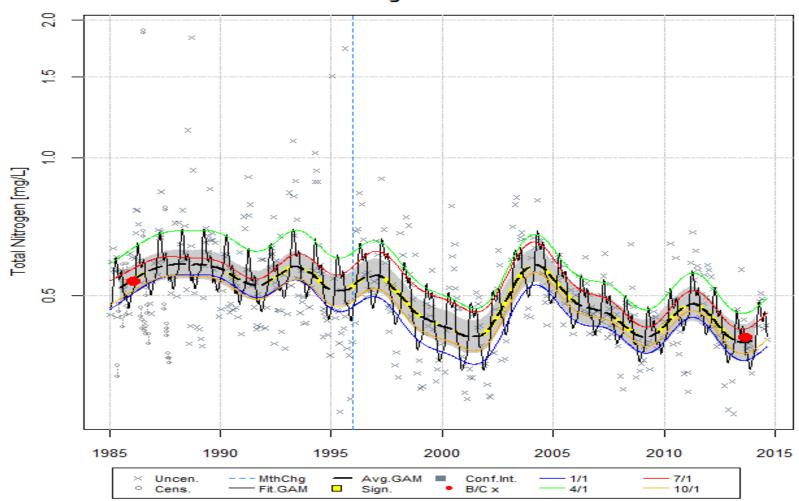


gam number = 1 title = Non-linear Trend with Seasonality model = \sim cyear + s(cyear, k=gamK1) + s(doy,bs='cc')

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

Calculation	Estimate
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.623 (0.5363)
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.9008 (0.4062)
Estimated log difference	-0.2778
Std. Err. log difference	0.0611
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.3976, -0.1581)
Difference p-value	< 0.0001
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate (%)	-24.26%
Period of Record	1985 - 2014

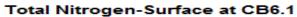


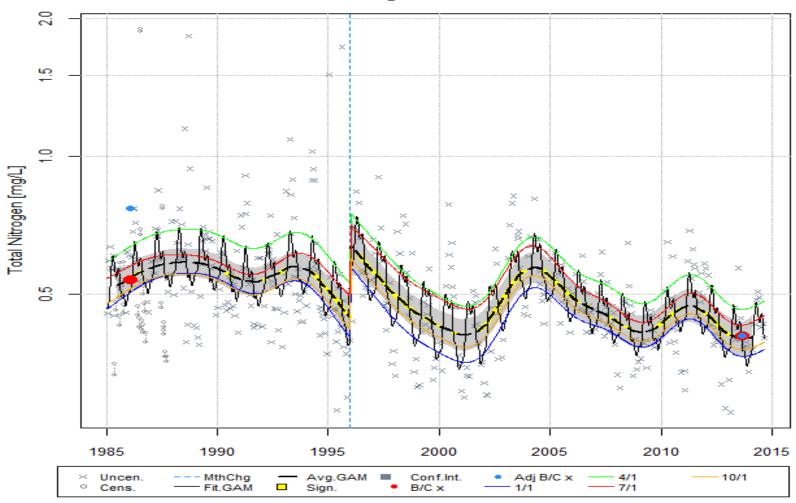


gam number = 2 title = Non-linear trend with Seas+Int model = \sim cyear + s(cyear, k=gamK1) + s(doy,bs='cc')+ ti(cyear,doy,bs=c('tp','cc'))

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

Calculation	Estimate
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.6205 (0.5377)
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.9017 (0.4059)
Estimated log difference	-0.2811
Std. Err. log difference	0.0609
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.4004, -0.1619)
Difference p-value	< 0.0001
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate (%)	-24.51%
Period of Record	1985 - 2014





 $gam \ number = 3 \\ title = Non-linear \ trend \ with \ Seas+Int. \ \& \ Intervention \\ model = \sim intervention + cyear + s(cyear, k=gamK1) + s(doy,bs='cc') + ti(cyear,doy,bs=c('tp','cc'))$

Table: GAM Analysis of Variance - CB6.1 - S - tn

type	source	df	F	p.value
parametric terms	intervention	1	8.3066	0.0042
" "	cyear	1	2.2368	0.1355
smoothed terms	s(cyear)	14.05	4.2546	< 0.0001
" "	s(doy)	7.02	10.1609	< 0.0001
" "	ti(cyear,doy)	2.55	0.5738	0.0180

Table: GAM Parameter Coefficients. - CB6.1 - S - tn

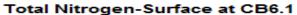
source	estimate	std.error	t.value	p.value
(Intercept)	-0.70092	0.128784	-5.4426	< 0.0001
cyear	0.083596	0.055895	1.4956	0.1355
interventionB	0.35917	0.12462	2.8821	0.0042

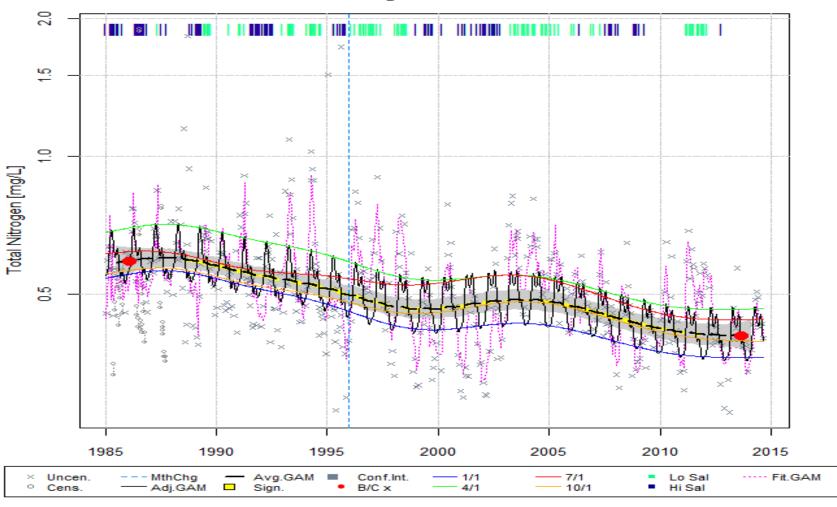
Table: GAM Diagnostics. - CB6.1 - S - tn

AIC	RMSE	AdjRsquare	
-60.22	0.2193	0.3451	

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

Calculation	Estimate	Estimate.Adj
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.6202 (0.5378)	-0.2611 (0.7702)
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.9026 (0.4055)	-0.9026 (0.4055)
Estimated log difference	-0.2823	-0.6415
Std. Err. log difference	0.0602	0.1386
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.4003, -0.1644)	(-0.9131, -0.3699)
Difference p-value	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate (%)	-24.6%	-47.35%
Period of Record	1985 - 2014	1985 - 2014

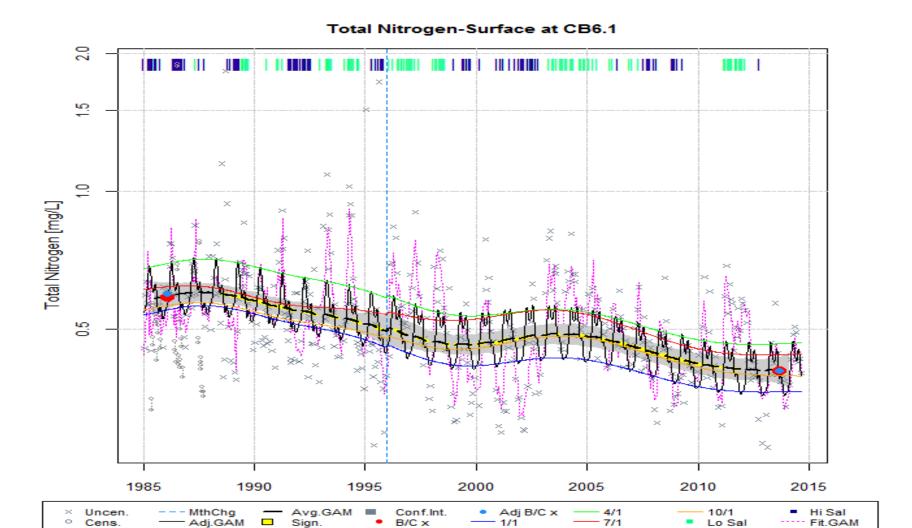




 $gam\ number = 4$ $title = Non-linear\ trend\ with\ Seas+Int.\ \&\ Hydro\ Adj$ $model = \sim cyear + s(cyear, k=gamK1) + s(doy,bs='cc') + ti(cyear,doy,bs=c('tp','cc')) + s(flw_sal,k=gamK2) + ti(flw_sal,doy,bs=c('tp','cc')) + ti(flw_sal,cyear,bs=c('tp','tp')) + ti(flw_sal,doy,cyear,bs=c('tp','cc',tp'))$

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

Calculation	Estimate	Estimate.Adj
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.5277 (0.5899)	-0.5277 (0.5899)
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.9021 (0.4057)	-0.9021 (0.4057)
Estimated log difference	-0.3744	-0.3744
Std. Err. log difference	0.0529	0.0529
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.4782, -0.2706)	(-0.4782, -0.2706)
Difference p-value	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate (%)	-31.23%	-31.23%
Period of Record	1985 - 2014	1985 - 2014



gam number = 5
title = Non-linear trend with Seas+Int., Hydro Adj, & intervention
model = ~ intervention + cyear + s(cyear, k=gamK1) + s(doy,bs='cc') + ti(cyear,doy,bs=c('tp','cc')) + s(flw_sal,k=gamK2) + ti(flw_sal,doy,bs=c('tp','cc')) + ti(flw_sal,cyear,bs=c('tp','tp')) + ti(flw_sal,doy,cyear,bs=c('tp','cc',tp'))

Table: GAM Analysis of Variance - CB6.1 - S - tn

type	source	df	F	p.value	Note
parametric terms	intervention	1	0.0358	0.8500-	-
" "	cyear	1	2.8711	0.0909-	-
smoothed terms	s(cyear)	5.8	2.6853	0.0109	-
" "	s(doy)	7.21	12.5699	< 0.0001	-
" "	ti(cyear,doy)	3.64	0.9638	0.0017	-
" "	s(flw_sal)	1	134.027	< 0.0001	-
" "	ti(flw_sal,doy)	4.71	3.063	< 0.0001	-
" "	ti(flw_sal,cyear)	4.09	1.0167	0.4201	-
" "	ti(flw_sal,doy,cyear)	О	0.0001	0.2340-	-

Table: GAM Parameter Coefficients. - CB6.1 - S - tn

source	estimate	std.error	t.value	p.value
(Intercept)	-0.629795	0.050984	-12.3527	< 0.0001
cyear	0.02825	0.016672	1.6944	0.0909
interventionB	0.014572	0.077027	0.1892	0.8500

Table: GAM Diagnostics. - CB6.1 - S - tn

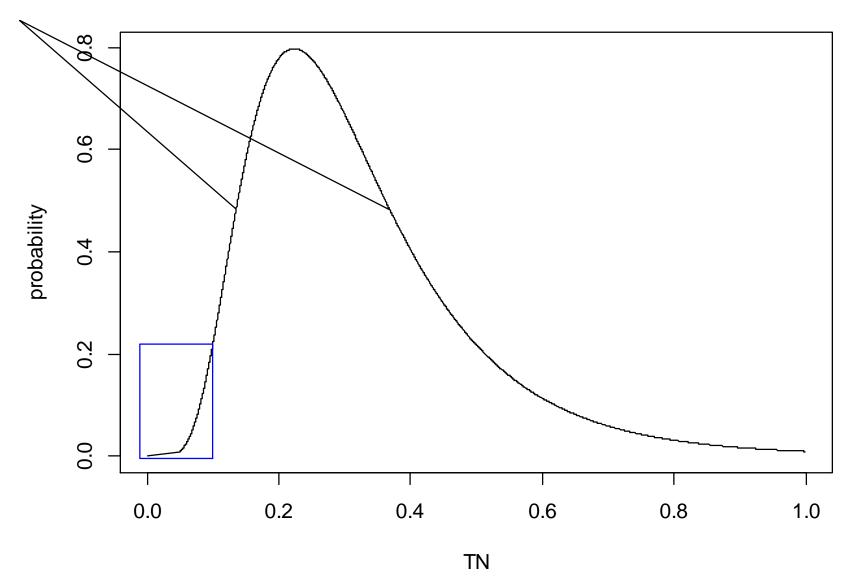
AIC	RMSE	AdjRsquare
-202.2	0.1864	0.5275

Table: Estimates of Change from 1986-2016. - CB6.1 - S - tn

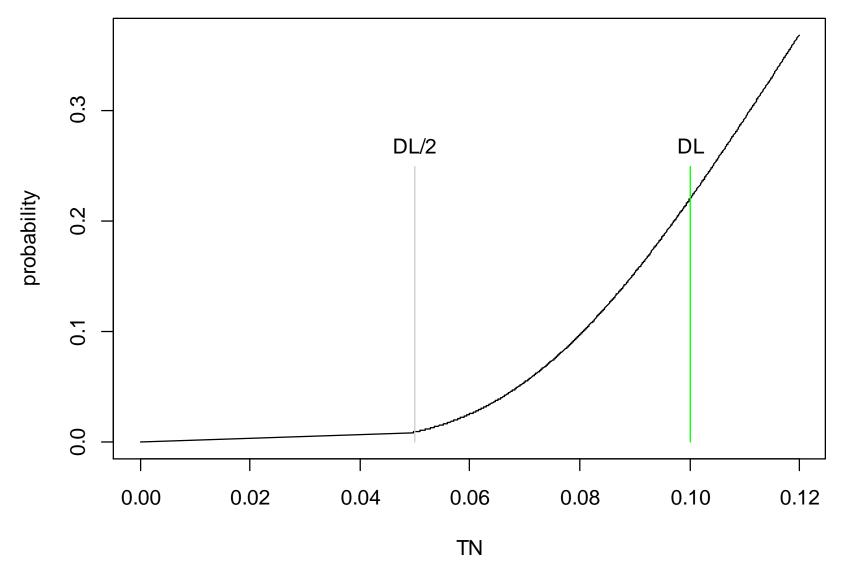
Calculation	Estimate	Estimate.Adj	
Baseline log mean (geometric mean)	-0.5299 (0.5887)	-0.5154 (0.5973)	
Current log mean (geometric mean)	-0.9004 (0.4064)	-0.9004 (0.4064)	
Estimated log difference	-0.3705	-0.385	
Std. Err. log difference	0.0534	0.0942	
95% Confidence interval for log difference	(-0.4751, -0.2658)	(-0.5696, -0.2005)	
Difference p-value	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	
Period of Record Percent Change Estimate			
(%)	-30.96%	-31.96%	
Period of Record	1985 - 2014	1985 - 2014	

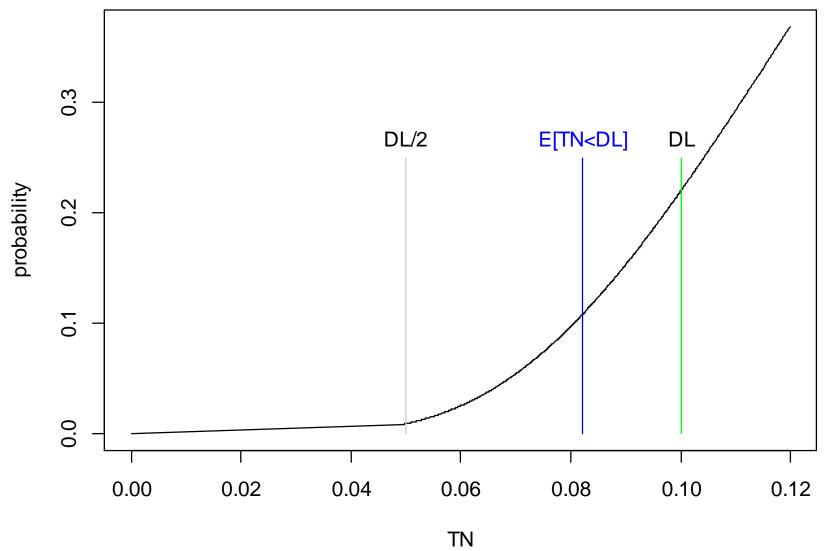
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Censored Data Handling
Expectation Maximization Algorithm (EM algorithm)



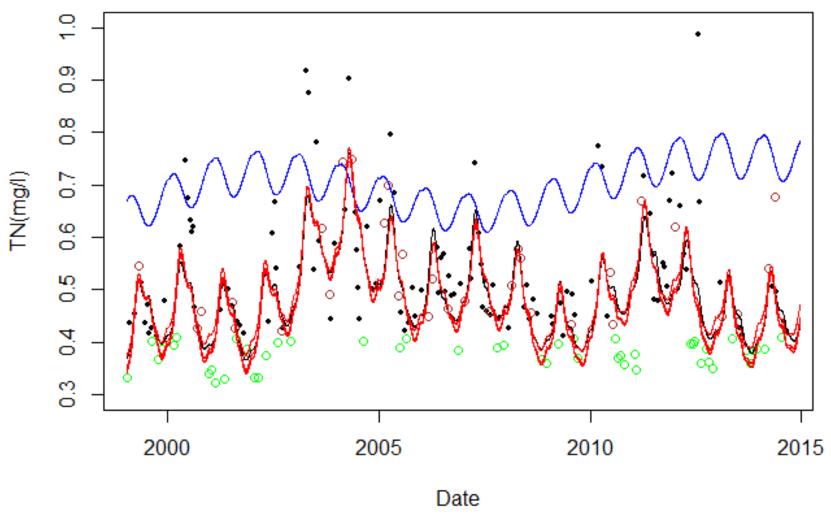
Assume a log-normal Distribution.



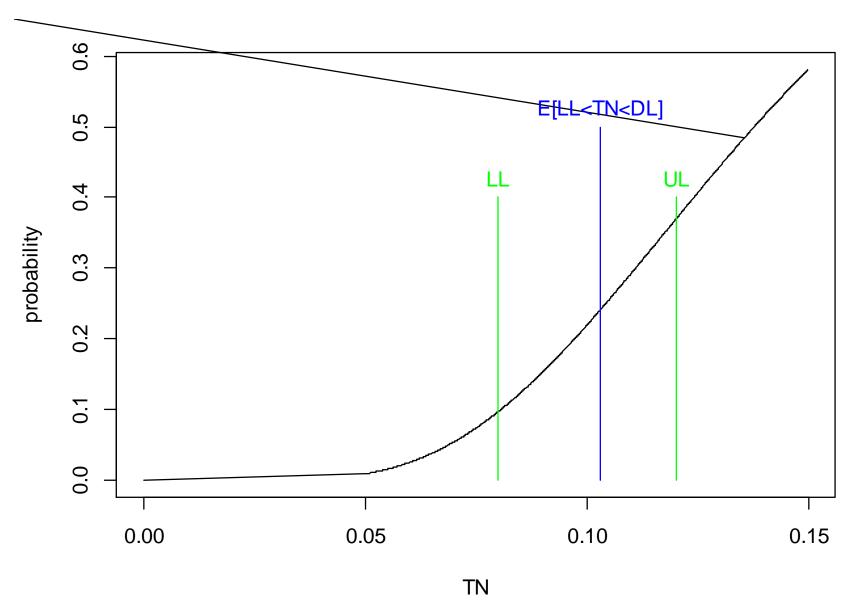


Substitute the expected value of the variable given that it is less than the

detection limit.

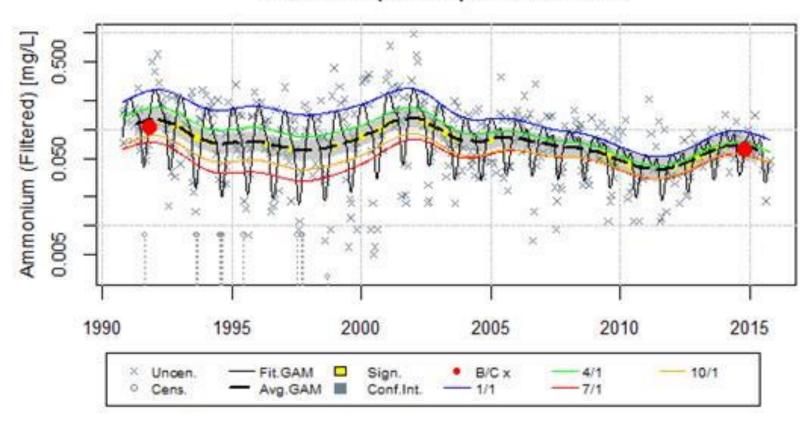


Convergence of EM algorithm.



Interval Censored Data.

Ammonium (Filtered)-Surface at TF2.2



Step Trend Models
(Intervention Models)
and
Methods Changes

Review old approach to methods changes
Review Maryland TSS case
Shows that Method Change effect can be unique to a station
Review issues with step trend model
Get your thoughts on this approach

Old Method:

Do a split sample study with multiple stations and dates.

Assess data with paired comparison test

Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test

Paired t-test

In cases of significant difference, estimate adjustment factor Apply AF to old data to make is comparable to new.

(note: inherent assumption that the methods change effect is uniform Over stations and dates)

Down the Road we found this

Time series at station EE2.1

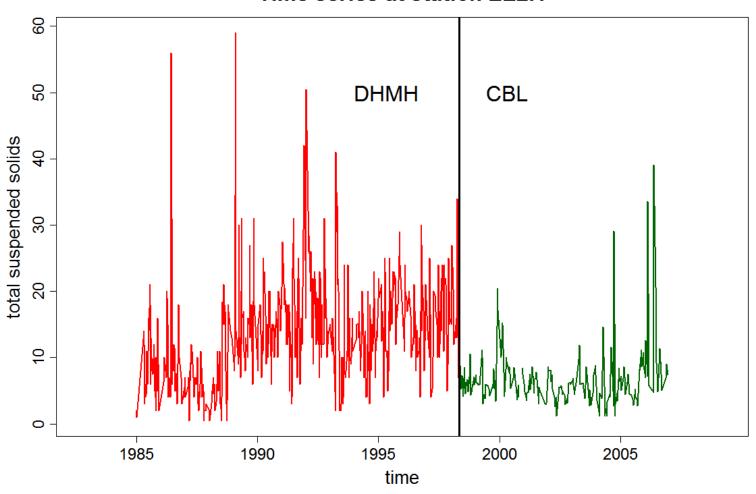


Figure 1. TSS at EE2.1(Choptank Embayment). The red curve shows data from DHMH. The green curve shows data from CBL. The black vertical line shows the point of laboratory change.

This effect was not consistent

Time series at station WT4.1

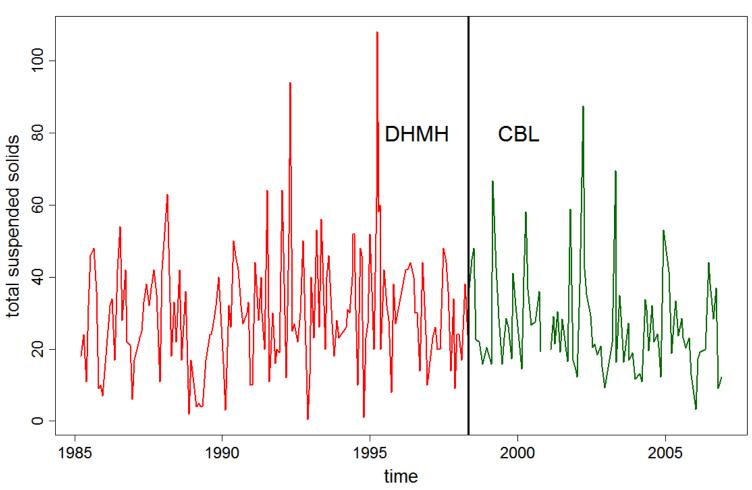
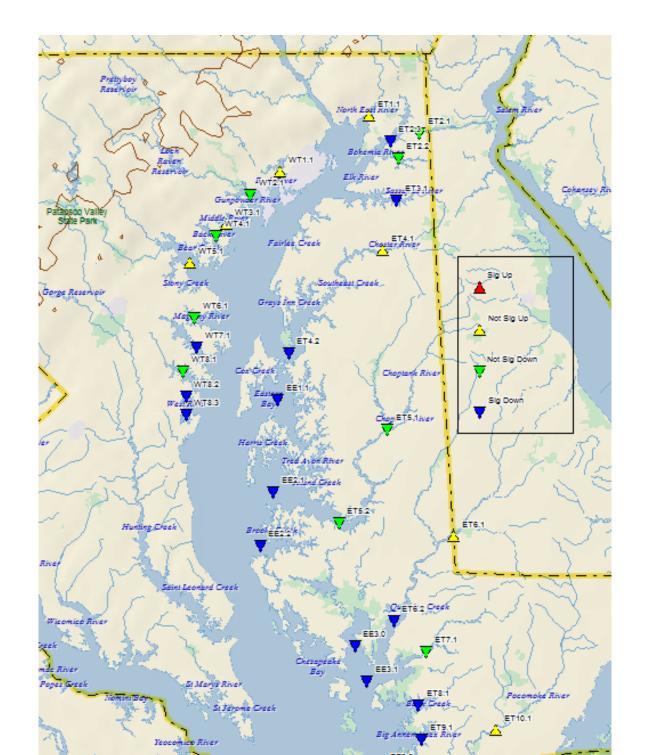


Figure 2. TSS at WT4.1 (Back River). The red curve shows data from DHMH. The green curve shows data from CBL. The black vertical line shows the point of laboratory change.



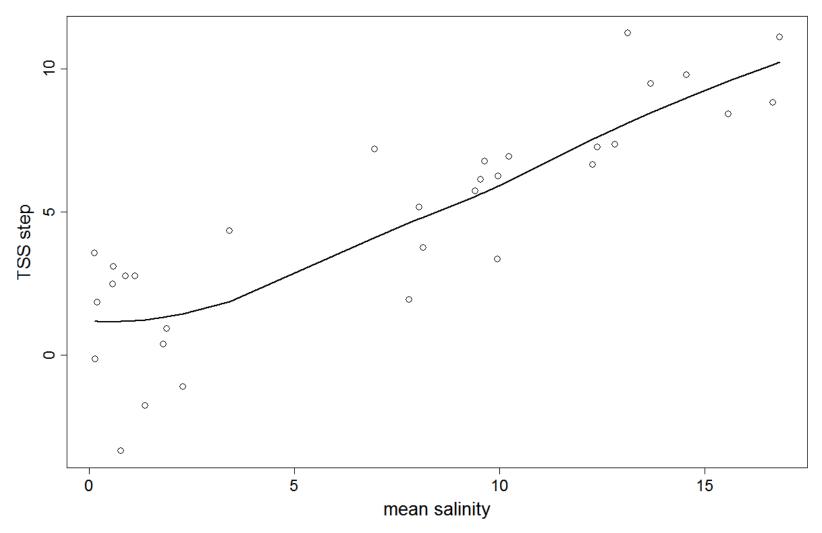
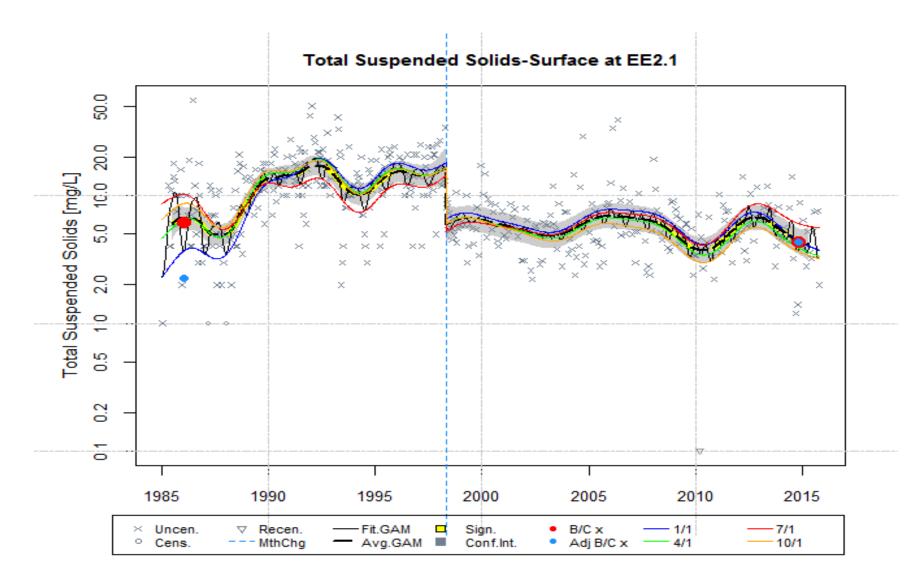
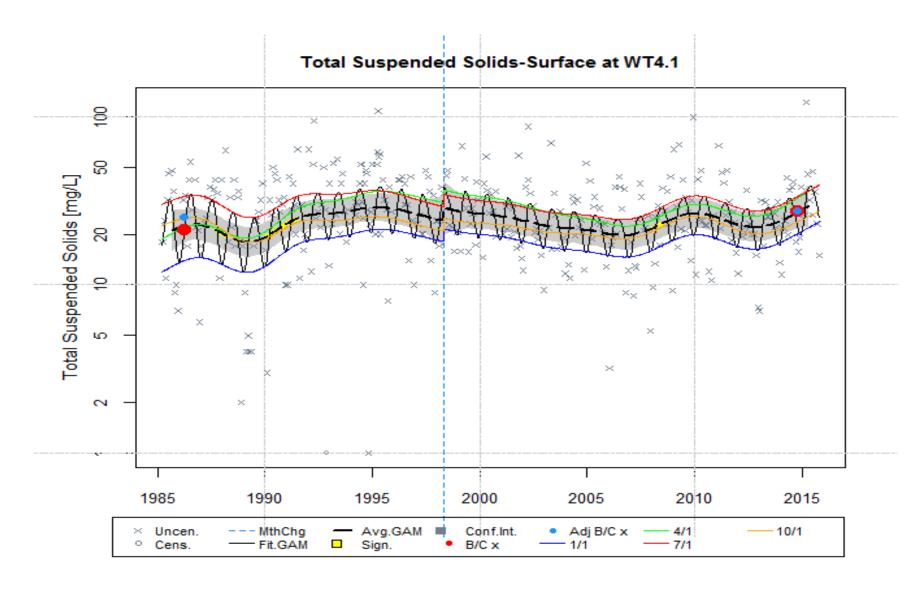


Figure 3. The TSS step size as a function of salinity for the 32 tributary stations. The fitted line is loess regression.



Baytrends model 3 fitted to EE2.1 (Choptank Embayment)TSS data.



Baytrends model 3 fitted to EE2.1 (Back River)TSS data.

This concludes the story that made us think we should develop a model that could assess Method Change effects station by station.

Now that we have it we have found other uses:

- a. BNR Assessment
- b. Dam Removal
- c. Catastrophic events (e.g. Agnes 1972)

We have also discovered some problems:

- a. 5 yrs pre and post
- b. Interventions close together cause problems
- c. A skip in the data with an intervention can lead to erroneous results
- d. Interventions that are confounded with natural events (e.g. flow change)

Engage the DIWG on two topics:

- a. Do you see issues with this approach to methods changes?
- b. If we find variable steps by station, will you help us assess the cause?

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