### Biennial Strategy Review System: Logic Table and Work Plan

**Instructions:** The following Logic Table should be used to articulate, document, and examine the reasoning behind your work toward an Outcome. Your reasoning—or logic—should be based on the Partnership's adaptive management <u>decision framework</u>. This table allows you to indicate the status of your management actions and denote which actions have or will play the biggest role in making progress.

Some Management Strategies and Work Plans will not immediately or easily fit into this analytical format. However, all GITs should complete columns one through four to bring consistency to and heighten the utility of these guiding documents. The remaining columns are recommended for those who are able to complete them. If you have any questions as you are completing this table, please contact SRS Team Coordinator Laura Free (free.laura@epa.gov).

The instructions below should be used to complete the table. An example table is available on the GIT 6 webpage under "Projects and Resources".

- 1. For the first round of strategic review (2017-2018): Use your existing Work Plan actions to complete the **Work Plan Actions** section first. Make sure to number each of the actions under a high-level Management Approach, as these numbers will provide a link between the work plan and the logic table above it. Use color to indicate the status of your actions: a green row indicates an action has been completed or is moving forward as planned; a yellow row indicates an action has encountered minor obstacles; and a red row indicates an action has not been taken or has encountered a serious barrier.
- 2. **Required:** In the column labeled **Factor**, list the significant factors (both positive and negative) that will or could affect your progress toward an Outcome. The most effective method to ensure logic flow is to list all your factors and then complete each row for each factor. Consult our Guide to Influencing Factors (Appendix B of the Quarterly Progress Meeting Guide on the <u>GIT 6 webpage</u> under "Projects and Resources") to ensure your list is reasonably comprehensive and has considered human and natural systems. Include any factors that were not mentioned in your original Management Strategy or Work Plan but should be addressed in any revised course of action. If an unmanageable factor significantly impacts your outcome (e.g., climate change), you might choose to list it here and describe how you are tracking (but not managing) that factor.
- 3. **Required:** In the column labeled **Current Efforts**, use keywords to describe existing programs or current efforts that other organizations are taking that happen to support your work to manage an influencing factor but would take place even without the influence or coordination of the Chesapeake Bay Program. You may also include current efforts by the Chesapeake Bay Program. Many of these current efforts may already be identified in your Management Strategy; you may choose to link the keywords used in this table to your Management Strategy document for additional context. You may also choose to include some of these efforts as actions in your work plan; if you do, please include the action's number and hyperlink.
- 4. **Required:** In the column labeled **Gap**, list any existing gap(s) left by those programs that may already be in place to address an influencing factor. These gaps should help determine the actions that should be taken by the Chesapeake Bay Program through the collective efforts of Goal Implementation Teams, Workgroups, and internal support teams like STAR, or the actions that should be taken by individual partners to support our collective work (e.g., a presentation of scientific findings by a federal agency to a Chesapeake Bay Program workgroup). These gaps may already be listed in your Management Strategy.
- 5. **Required:** In the column labeled **Actions**, list the number that corresponds to the action(s) you are taking to fill identified gaps in managing influencing factors. Include on a separate line those approaches and/or actions that may not be linked to an influencing factor. To help identify the action number, you may also include a few key words. Emphasize critical actions in **bold**.
- 6. **Optional:** In the column labeled **Metric**, describe any metric(s) or observation(s) that will be used to determine whether your management actions have achieved the intended result.
- 7. **Optional:** In the column labeled **Expected Response and Application**, briefly describe the expected effects and future application of your management actions. Include the timing and magnitude of any expected changes, whether these changes have occurred, and how these changes will influence your next steps
- 8. **Optional:** In the column labeled **Learn/Adapt**, describe what you learned from taking an action and how this lesson will impact your work plan or Management Strategy going forward.

#### **Toxics Contaminants Research Logic Table and Work Plan**

**Primary Users:** Goal Implementation Teams, Workgroups, and Management Board | Secondary Audience: Interested Internal or External Parties **Primary Purpose:** To assist partners in thinking through the relationships between their actions and specific factors, existing programs and gaps (either new or identified in their Management Strategies) and to help workgroups and Goal Implementation Teams prepare to present significant findings related to these actions and/or factors, existing programs and gaps to the Management Board. | Secondary Purpose: To enable those who are not familiar with a workgroup to understand and trace the logic driving its actions.

**Reminder:** As you complete the table below, keep in mind that removing actions, adapting actions, or adding new actions may require you to adjust the high-level Management Approaches outlined in your Management Strategy (to ensure these approaches continue to represent the collection of actions below them).

**Long-term Target:** Develop a research agenda and further characterize the occurrence, concentrations, sources and effects of toxic contaminants of emerging and widespread concern.

Two-year Target: Completion of performance targets related to key actions

KEY: Use the following colors to indicate whether a Metric and Expected Response have been identified.						
Matria	Specific metrics have not been identified					
Metric	Metrics have been identified					
Expected Response	No timeline for progress for this action has been specified					
Lapected Response	Timeline has been specified					

Factor	Current Efforts	Gap	Actions (critical in bold)	Metrics	Expected Response and Application	Learn/Adapt
What is impacting our ability to achieve our outcome?	What current efforts are addressing this factor?	What further efforts or information are needed to fully address this factor?	What actions are essential to achieve our outcome?	Optional: Do we have a measure of progress? How do we know if we have achieved the intended result?	Optional: What effects do we expect to see as a result of this action, when, and what is the anticipated application of these changes?	Optional: What did we learn from taking this action? How will this lesson impact our work?
Different assumptions about fish consumption	Tracking of existing fish consumption advisories based on	Better understanding of different thresholds among	Interaction between jurisdictions to better understand			

Factor	Current Efforts	Gap	Actions (critical in bold)	Metrics	Expected Response and Application	Learn/Adapt
What is impacting our ability to achieve our outcome?	What current efforts are addressing this factor?	What further efforts or information are needed to fully address this factor?	What actions are essential to achieve our outcome?	Optional: Do we have a measure of progress? How do we know if we have achieved the intended result?	Optional: What effects do we expect to see as a result of this action, when, and what is the anticipated application of these changes?	Optional: What did we learn from taking this action? How will this lesson impact our work?
	jurisdictional reporting (PCBs and Hg)	jurisdictions for advisories;	differences in fish consumption advisory thresholds.			
Multiple factors affecting health and mortality of fish and wildlife	USGS review of impacts of toxic contaminants to wildlife; progress on understanding impacts of EDCs on fish health.	Assessing effects of individual chemicals or factors on health of fish has been difficult since typically there are mixtures and multiple factors	Evolving towards a more source-sector approach with focus on agricultural and urban settings; connection to nutrient and sediment reduction practices			
Lack of data on the occurrence and trends of toxic contaminants	Jurisdictions have consistent monitoring programs for a suite of toxic contaminants. Suite of contaminants has been expanded through work on USGS EDC project (agriculture sector).	Data synthesis to improve current understanding of extent of toxic contamination	Produce summary report of USGS EDC project; jurisdictions produce biannual integrated reports. Summarize results from these two efforts.			
Lack of information on the effects of nutrient/sediment BMPs to remove toxic contaminants	New academic partners are beginning to estimate removal of toxic contaminants by	Increased interaction with WQ GIT to develop and promote joint approaches to reduce toxic contaminants	Summary of toxic contaminant removal rates in BMPs, communicate results to WQ GIT and TCW			

Factor	Current Efforts	Gap	Actions (critical in bold)	Metrics	Expected Response and Application	Learn/Adapt
What is impacting our ability to achieve our outcome?	What current efforts are addressing this factor?	What further efforts or information are needed to fully address this factor?	What actions are essential to achieve our outcome?	Optional: Do we have a measure of progress? How do we know if we have achieved the intended result?	Optional: What effects do we expect to see as a result of this action, when, and what is the anticipated application of these changes?	Optional: What did we learn from taking this action? How will this lesson impact our work?
	nutrient and sediment BMPs.					
Resource constraints	Building on existing state efforts, federal and academic studies. Secured GIT funding for original CSN reports	Coordinate more closely with ongoing academic research	Invite more partners to the TCW, consider a more focused interaction between researchers. (STAC workshop on CECs, panel discussion at ChesRMS)			
NEW FACTOR: Synthesis	Very little current effort	Summarize existing information and provide implications for better management of contaminants	USGS is considering more resources towards synthesis and exploration of other avenues for GIT funding, etc.			

	WORK PLAN ACTIONS								
	Green - action has been completed or is moving forward as planned Yellow - action has encountered minor obstacles  Red - action has not been taken or has encountered a serious barrier								
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline				
Manage	Management Approach 1: Supply information to make fish and shellfish safe for human consumption								

A	Red - action has not been taken or has encountered a serious partier  Perposcible Party (or Geographic Expected Timeline)								
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline				
		Summarize existing impairments in the watershed through the creation of a story map for mercury	TCW; MDE, PA DEP, VA DEP, DOEE, WV DEP, DNREC		2018-2019				
		Inventory available mercury monitoring data (water, sediment, fish tissue) to inform status or trends	TCW; MDE, PA DEP, VA DEP, DOEE, WV DEP, DNREC		2018-2019				
1.1	Generate further information on mercury, focused on determining whether further Chesapeake Strategies are needed to supplement national efforts to reduce its impact on fish and associated consumption advisories.	Communicate information from ongoing study of mercury and fish consumption advisories in the watershed.	USGS and partner states		2018-2019				
1.1		Conduct sampling of mercury in young of the year fish. Results will eventually be used to assess trends. Reported annually.	MDE and MD DNR		Ongoing; annual sampling and reporting				
		Review and obtain information documented during the establishment of Maryland's proposed Mercury TMDL. Additional fish tissue collections are planned in 2018 to determine if the remaining waters listed for mercury are impaired. Hg TMDL development will be delayed in Maryland until listing reassessment is completed.	MDE		MDE information will not be available until early 2019.				
1.2	Inventory any ongoing progress of regional PCB models within the Chesapeake Bay.	Stay informed on progress of models in James River, Anacostia, upper Potomac, any others as they may inform adaptive management decisions/areas of focus for others in the watershed.	TCW and science partners		2018-2019				
1.3	Science to support PCB Policy and Prevention	(Please see the Toxic Contaminants Policy and Prevention Strategy and Workplan). Improve understanding of sources, status and change in	(See Toxic Contaminants Policy		(See Toxic Contaminants Policy				

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Green - action has been completed or is moving forward as planned Yellow - action has encountered minor obstacles

Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
π		environment, and BMP effectiveness (including co-	and Prevention	Location	and Prevention
		benefits)	Workplan)		Workplan)
Manage	ment Approach 2: Understanding	the influence of contaminants in degrading the health,	' '	ality, of fish and	' '
2.1	Assess the effects of	Inform presence of select UV filters, hormones, and	UMBC, USDA FS		2018-2019
	contaminants on fish and shell	antibiotics in eastern oysters and hooked mussels in	, contract		
	fish in tidal waters	urban streams and the Chesapeake Bay mainstem.			
		Communicate results of Bullhead catfish tumor	FWS		2018-2019
		study, which showed a dramatic decrease in the			
		tumor prevalence in the Anacostia River.			
		Continue study and evaluate findings from condition	FWS, MD DNR, USGS		2018-2019
		of Yellow Perch in urban areas. Specifically, FWS and			
		UMD conducted yellow perch sampling in Fall 2017-			
		Winter 2018 in the Severn, Choptank, and			
		Mattawoman. The sampling will be repeated in Fall			
		2018-Winter 2019. The goal is to determine whether			
		the findings of abnormal yolk and abnormal chorion			
		about ten years ago in the Severn are still apparent.			
		FWS will update those findings with new data, with			
		additional molecular analysis, analyzing lesions and			
		movement over time.			
2.2	Generate information to	Report and communicate results of study to	USGS		FY19
	document fish health	understand the influence of contaminants and other			
	conditions in the Bay	factors degrading the health, and contributing to			
	watershed.	mortality of fish. The final publication on the			
		restrospective analysis of the relationships between			
		fish health, estrogenicity and land-use will be			
		completed. Final outcomes will be communicated to			
		the TCW.			

Action	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or	Geographic	<b>Expected Timeline</b>
#	Description	remormance ranger(s)	Parties)	Location	
		Report and communicate results of study examining	USGS		FY19
		the influence of endocrine-disrupting compounds			
		(EDCs) and their effects on fish conditions. The data			
		collected at the integrator sites (2013-2017) is being			
		compiled, analyzed and published as a series of			
		journal articles. The first is compiling long term,			
		integrative indicators at the South Branch Potomac			
		site, which could be a template for subsequent			
		information. This information will be summarized			
		with other data collected by the USGS into a series			
		of synthesis powerpoint presentations.			
		Continue monitoring of and communicating results	PA DEP, MD DNR,		2018-2019
		of fish conditions in areas of concern within	WV DEP		
		jurisdictions. Specifically, USGS is working with PA,			
		MD and WV. One summary paper on disease issues			
		and potential immunosuppression was published in			
		2018. In addition, WV and PA are collaborating with			
		USGS to assess the immune response of wild			
		smallmouth bass.			
		Communicate results of risk assessment study of	USGS		2018-2019
		EDCs compounds with occurrence of intersex and			
		other fish health conditions. Young of the year fish			
		data and model results from PA are being used in			
		this investigation, as well as long-term historical			
		trend data.			
		Continue studies and evaluate the relationship	MD DNR		2018-2019
		between the amount of impervious surface and the			
		impact on fish conditions. During 2015 – 2018 the			
		MBSS is re-sampling streams that were sampled 20			

Green - action has been completed or is moving forward as planned - action has encountered minor obstacles

Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
		and 14 years ago. The data will be used to examine for potential change over time in stream biological, physical habitat, and chemical conditions.			
		Continue stream IBI studies as part of the Maryland biological stream survey to evaluate health of fish communities.	MD DNR		2018-2019
2.3	Assess the effects of toxic contaminants on wildlife	Publish results of study examining EDCs found in wildlife within the Chesapeake watershed. Based on limited extent of contamination, no further work is planned.	USGS		FY19
		Interact with state federal wildlife service agencies to assess priority needs related to contaminant effects on wildlife	TCW; DE, MD, PA, VA, WVA		
Manage	ment Approach 3: Document the	occurrence, concentrations, and sources of contaminan	ts in different landscape s	settings	<u>'</u>
3.1	Better define the sources and occurrence of EDCs and other toxic contaminant groups in different landscape settings	Communicate results of study to identify the sources and occurrence of toxic contaminants contributing to degraded fish health. Chemistry data collected at the integrator site is being compiled into a data release. These data will be summarized is at least one journal article and will be added to the synthesis efforts.	USGS		FY19
		Communicate results of study of sources and occurrence of EDCs in agricultural watersheds (same locations as USGS fish health studies). Initiate planning for study of urban watersheds, focusing on	USGS		2018-2019

impact of BMPs on EDCs in the environment.

		Red - action has not been taken or has encountered	a serious barrier		<u> </u>
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
		Communicate GIS analysis to identify toxic	USGS		FY19
		contaminant "hotspots" based on land use.			=5
		Vulnerability metrics are being detailed and will be			
		communicated in the synthesis reporting.			
		Continue Pennsylvania studies on pesticides and	PA DEP		2018-2019
		hormones.	USGS		
		Inventory jurisdiction toxic contaminant monitoring efforts by individual groups	TCW and states, DOEE		2018-2019
		Evaluate outcomes from Anacostia River sediment	DOEE, USGS, UMBC,		2018-2019
		investigation to improve understanding of	FWS		
		contaminants other than PCBs in urban			
		environments.			
3.2	Examine the co-occurrence of	Inventory co-located data, spatially analyze to	TCW; USGS, MDE,		2018-2019
	toxic contaminants with	evaluate possible contaminant associations and	VDEQ, DOEE, DNREC,		
	nutrients and sediments to	source, and use results to inform co-benefit	PA		
	inform co-benefit analysis (MA	understanding (MA4)			
	4)				
3.3	Loading rate estimates of toxic	Begin to inventory or estimate loading rates of toxic	CBP Modeling group		2018-2019
	contaminants for use in CBP	contaminants in various landscape settings			
	models				
Manage	ment Approach 4: Identify and pr	ioritize options for mitigation to inform policy and pre	vention		'
4.1	Generate further information	Inventory case studies where innovative			2018-2019
	about direct and co-benefit	remediation of sediments/water have occurred in			
	mitigation of toxic	the watershed and evaluate how they could be			
	contaminants options for toxic	adapted or implemented for TMDL compliance.			
	contaminants	MDE is currently funding a study to investigate the			2018-2019
		impact of Stormwater Best Management Practices			
		(BMPs) on PCB loadings to waterways.			
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Action		Red - action has not been taken or has encountered	Responsible Party (or	Geographic	Expected Timeline
#	Description	Performance Target(s)	Parties)	Location	Lapected Timeline
π		Evaluate outcomes from the literature review on the	CSN; TCW	Location	2018-2019
		potential toxic contaminant reductions provided by	,		
		traditional stormwater BMPs, and conduct outreach			
		efforts to share those results for both agricultural			
		and urban landscape settings.			
4.2	Monitor/survey efficiency of BMPs to remove toxic	Bioretention efficacy and optimization for removal of toxic contaminants	UMCP		2018-2019
	contaminants	Design/testing of enhanced media in stormwater control structures for degradation of toxic contaminants	UMCP		2018-2019
		Riparian forest buffer removal of toxic contaminants	PSU		2018-2019
4.3	Assessment of mitigation information for integration into CBP tools	Synthesize and generalize research on toxic contaminants for incorporation into CAST. In the earliest implementation, CAST could be modified to output qualitative changes in contaminants as cobenefits of management practices intended for nutrient control. In the longer term, CAST could be modified to make spatially-specific predictions of environmental outcomes related to land use, land management, and point sources.	CBP Modeling team		2018-2019
4.4	Interact with source teams to investigate co-benefit mitigation for nutrients, sediment, and toxic contaminants	Communicate with agricultural, stormwater, and wastewater source teams to identify synergies with nutrient/sediment and toxic contaminant mitigation options	TCW chairs		2018-2019
4.5	The Chesapeake Bay Commission will work collaboratively with the Bay Program partners to identify	CBC will, in turn, pursue action within our member state General Assemblies and the United States Congress. See CBC Resolution #14-1 for additional	CBC		2018-2019

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Red - action has not been taken or has encountered a serious barrier									
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline				
	legislative, budgetary and	information on the CBC's participation in the							
	policy needs to advance the	management strategies.							
	goals of the Chesapeake								
	Watershed Agreement.								
Manage	ment Approach 5: Gather informa	ation on issues of emerging concern.							
5.1		Attend, summarize microplastics workshop	STAC, TCW		2018-2019				
	Address micro plastics	Track progress USGS NE region microplastics study	USGS, TCW		2018-2019				
		and identify relevance to CB.							
5.2	Algal toxins	Track research progress by USGS and NOAA on the	USGS, NOAA, TCW		2018-2019				
5.3	UV filters, hormones,	Aggregate and analyze recent regulations and	UMBC, TCW		2018-2019				
	antibiotics	management approaches to contaminants of							
		emerging concern in other states to help outline							
		possible strategies for CB							
5.4	Per-polyfluoro-alkyls (PFAS)	Synthesis? Nature and extent PFAS data in CB	USGS, TCW		2018-2019				
	compounds	watershed, track progress fish consumption							
		advisories neighboring watersheds (DRB) to help							
		outline possible strategies for CB							
5.5	Chloride due to road salt	Report alternatives/innovative technologies and	MDE, TCW		2018-2019				
		approaches to reduce chloride impacts due to road							
		salt application while maintaining public safety.							