## BIENNIAL STRATEGY REVIEW SYSTEM Chesapeake Bay Program



## Logic and Action Plan: Post- Quarterly Progress Meeting

**Public Access Site Development Outcome** – **[2020-2021]** By 2025, add 300 new public access sites, with a strong emphasis on providing opportunities for boating, swimming and fishing, where feasible. (2010 baseline year)

Long-term Target: 300 sites by 2025

**Two-year Target:** The Public Access Workgroup aims to add 20 new public access sites each year. By the end of 2021 this would bring the cumulative total of public access sites from 1333 to 1373.

Additional instructions for completing or updating your logic and action plan can be found on <a href="ChesapeakeDecisions">ChesapeakeDecisions</a>.

Factor	Current Efforts	Gap	Actions	Metrics	Expected Response and Application	Learn/Adapt
What is impacting our ability to achieve our outcome?	What current efforts are addressing this factor?	What further efforts or information are needed to fully address this factor?	What actions are essential (to help fill this gap) to achieve our outcome?	What will we measure or observe to determine progress in filling identified gap?	How and when do we expect these actions to address the identified gap? How might that affect our work going forward?	What did we learn from taking this action? How will this lesson impact our work?
Public sector funding	Both requesting adequate support funding through the state agencies budgeting processes and targeting available grant funds, when appropriate, to support public access planning,	Inadequate funding.	(2.1), $(2.2)$	Increases in governmental budgets that sustain or enhance access programs, increases in available grant funding.	Increase in appropriate funding levels.	

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	development, and					
Underutilization of public Lands	maintenance.  As a part of ongoing planning and update cycles, agency partners are evaluating the potential of additional public access opportunities under our control as resources allow. When site master plans or resource management plans are updated, the potential for additional public access are evaluated and included in the new plans as appropriate.	Limited staffing and resources.	(5.1)	Expanded opportunities on public lands reflected in our annual data call.	More access opportunities serving all of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed population.	
Permitting requirements	Discussion on mitigation permitting requirements for small access points.	Alternatives to reasonably addressing 106 issues.	(4.1)	Examples of projects that were able to move forward at reduced costs with an alternative process.	Less costly solutions to mitigation based on accepted criteria.	
Enhance accessibility to diverse populations and meet the needs of those with disabilities	Identifying new access sites to meet the needs of a diverse population.  Increasing connectedness of existing access sites, making	Development and urbanization of waterfronts, higher land values, economic and social influences, population density, transportation systems,	(3.1), (3.2), (8.1)	Continue annual counting of new access sites to determine if new access sites are being located in geographic areas with diverse populations. Continue annual counting of new	Availability of funding will drive when new sites are created or existing sites are enhanced. It also has a major impact on programing.	

	them more accessible to urban populations.	concentrated water pollution and different levels of commitment to public access all combine to present substantially different circumstances and call for unique strategies.		access sites or enhanced existing sites that are ADA accessible. In addition, as information is available, look at programing that could enhance use of public access sites by diverse populations.		
Local government capacity	Localities are attempting to leverage local funds, grants, and donations from private corporations to help with the development of new public access sites.	Capacity and funds that enable state agency partners to hire staff to support site development and monitoring at the local level have been limited. State agency partners have reported that their staffing, operational budgets, and state funds for local project assistance have seen significant reductions thereby, reducing their ability to support these activities.	(1.1), (2.1), (4.1)	Exceed the minimum goal of 20 new public access sites per year.	Exceed the annual target of 20 sites per year.	

Conflicts among users	Constructing public access sites that reduce conflict and have enough and appropriate infrastructure as well as adequate maintenance/ management.	Retrofitting the sites where conflict has been created.	(4.1)	Number of sites designed or retrofitted with appropriate infrastructure and management leading to a reduction of public complaints.	More satisfied public.	
Climate Change	Considering actions that can address this real and growing concern: Identifying and assessing existing public access sites that are at highest risk for negative impacts related to climate change and rising sea levels. Employing and encouraging use of sustainable strategies that can help compensate or reduce the impact of climate change including rising water levels into the design, development, and/or retrofitting of public access projects so that investment equates to reasonable life	Need for more site-specific data on climate change impacts more easily and readily available.	(7.1)	Availability of needed data for sustainable site design and development.	More resilient public access sites. Projects will have longer life expectancy.	

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expectancy of the project. Evaluating potential sites for vulnerability and sustainability. Striving to achieve "no net loss" of existing public access sites.			
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		ACTIONS - 2020-2021			
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
		owards the 300 new sites goal: At the end of ea			
-	± •	tion during the year. These sites will be tallied	and tracked by NPS	and counted tow	ards the 300
new sites	by 2025 goal.				
1.1	Report on new public access sites opened each year.	New public access sites opened in watershed with target of 20 per year.	All state and federal partners in Public Access Work Group. Watershed	2020-2021	1.1

**Management Approach 2:** Make funding for public access a priority: Sustain funding for development of new public access sites and maintenance of existing sites, including maintenance dredging of small channels. Relevant state and federal funding or matching grant programs should consider targeting or giving bonus points for projects that include new public access sites.

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		ACTIONS - 2020-2021			
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
2.1	Develop new public access sites by targeting financial assistance programs as appropriate.	Evidence of grant/financial award programs with application criteria supporting public access development.	State and federal partners who administer appropriate financial assistance awards programs (This list includes VA DCR, VA DGIF, PA DCNR, MD DNR, NPS, USFWS, WV DNR, NY DEC, DE DPR and DC DOE  Watershed	2020-2021	2.1
2.2	Provide agency budgets that support public access development and maintenance.	Provision of budgets that support public access development and maintenance.	State and federal partners who manage public access programs. Watershed	2020-2021	2.2

Management Approach 3: Enhance Public Access for a Diverse Population: As the population of the watershed grows, it becomes increasingly diverse. This diversity is evident in the increasing variety of ethnic, cultural, and language backgrounds of the people. The ways that the public in general use and access water resources is growing and changing as well. Increasing opportunities for public access exposes people to resources and places that can inspire a sense of environmental awareness and build support for Chesapeake Bay conservation and stewardship. Methods for enhancing access for a diverse population include: looking at the location and kinds of access that exist, identifying gaps in service to underserved communities, and determining what is needed to enhance access opportunities. To be successful the Bay Program partners need to honor the culture, history and social concerns of local populations and communities and include them in the decision making processes. Additional steps may include creating and/or increasing information, signage, online resources and programs that target underserved populations. Signage, whenever possible, should use universal symbols and reflect the languages of diverse user groups.

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Action	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
#	Description	renormance rarget(s)	Parties)	Location	Imieme
3.1	Improve access to water based resources and associated green space, with specific emphasis on currently underserved neighborhoods and communities.	Increased connectedness where feasible to existing or new public access sites to make them more accessible to urban populations.	Each state and jurisdiction in the watershed as staff and funding allows.  Urban areas throughout the watershed.	2020-2021	4.1
3.2	Continue to enhance the Environmental Justice Screen mapping tool.	This visual evaluation tool can help to potentially show correlation of access to areas of potential need related to diverse communities.	This project would be accomplished through a cooperative effort involving NPS Chesapeake, Bay Program and EPA.  Population centers throughout the watershed.	2020-2021	4.2
		apport more detailed assessments and project of			
-	• •	levelopment. This is an area in which funding i ce and funding for site analysis and design.	is needed. Agencies	at all levels shoul	ld provide,
4.1	Provide technical assistance related to site assessment, preplanning, project design, and compliance/permitting to local access site development partners.	Within resource limitations, federal and state staff provide assistance to local partners when opportunities are identified.	All state and federal partners that are involved with the Public Access Working Group	2020-2021	
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ACTIONS - 2020-2021

		ACTIONS - 2020-2021			
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
			Watershed		
not accou should re	ant for recent changes in access needs e-evaluate these lands' public access portunities are identified they should be	I for additional access on public lands: Manag and opportunities. As circumstances permit, n otential. This can occur through regular master e included in the properties' master plan and so	nanagers of public la planning processes	ands fronting str s or as ad hoc ass	eams and rivers essments. Wher
5.1	As a part of ongoing planning and update cycles, agency partners will evaluate the potential of additional public access opportunities on lands under their control. When master plans or resource management plans are updated, the potential for increased public access will be evaluated and included in the new plans as appropriate. Planning is contingent on scheduled review cycles as well as on staff availability, resources, and funding.	Incorporation of new public access sites in any new, revised or updated master plan as appropriate. This could be particularly beneficial on sites that already have infrastructure and in-place management that could incorporate new types of access.	All federal and state land managers with suitable properties in the watershed.  Watershed	2020-2021	
Watershe and local local land	ed Public Access Plan, including poten outdoor recreation and open space pl	ntified proposed public access sites and actions tial new public access sites and key actions, shounding documents, such as Statewide Compredare encouraged to incorporate potential new parts.	ould be incorporate hensive Outdoor Re	d as appropriate creation Plans (S	into major state SCORPs) and
6.1	Encourage incorporation of recommendations from state SCORPs into local and regional plans.	State agencies will continue to provide information and data to local and regional governments for use in their planning processes.	State agencies as resources and staffing allows.	2020-2021	

		ACTIONS - 2020-2021			
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
		As we move toward achieving the Chesapeake		goal we must ide	ntify how
planning	<u> </u>	o address climate change and sea level rise pro	jections.		
7.1	Agencies working on public access take sustainability and resilience into consideration when planning and implementing new or improved public access projects and particularly as it relates to inland flooding, sea level rise, and other climate change issues. They are also providing technical assistance to localities and NGO's as resources allow.	Incorporation of sustainable practices and resiliency when designing or implementing new or enhanced access sites. Incorporate appropriate public access site development in conjunction with projects addressing climate change.	Federal and state agencies offer technical assistance as resources allow. Watershed	2020-2021	
Manage		cessibility at public access sites: Public access	ites are subject to f	ederal and state o	standards and
_		with diverse physical capabilities. Yet it is not a			
_	rly to boating access sites.	with diverse physical capabilities. Fet it is not t	imayo cicar now sor	ne of these galac	inies may appry,
8.1	Establish as a condition of financial assistance awards, the development of new public access sites in compliance with accessibility standards and guidelines to ensure access by a population with diverse physical capabilities.	Evidence of grant/financial award programs with requirement of compliance with accessibility standards and guidelines to ensure access by a population with diverse physical capabilities.	All grant awarders wherever feasible should include accessibility. Watershed	2020-2021	
Manage	ment Approach 9: Build opportuni	ties for citizen stewardship It is important th	nat new citizen stewa	ards who care ab	out the Bay
		t access sites and appropriate programing. Ma			•
		ations, water trail managers and others should			
	s to care for and maintain specific acce		•		•
9.1	Enhance number of new stewards through engagement of all populations in the watershed.	Increase in the diversity and number of new public access site users through programs that engage both families and youth. This could include such activities as kids in	Federal, state and local agencies as appropriate and	2020-2021	

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		ACTIONS – 2020-2021			
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party (or Parties)	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline
		kayaks, canoe mobile, and the YCC. Also through use of better multilingual signage that meets needs of a diverse user population near a site.	as resources allow. Watershed		
9.2	Identify stewards to manage sections of designated water trails, public access site, and other associated resources.	Increase the number of citizen stewards assisting in the monitoring and maintenance of the valuable natural resources of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed	Federal, state agencies and water trail management organizations Watershed	2020-2021	
9.3	Collaborate as a workgroup to explore methods for tracking engagement at public access sites.	Potential tracking methods are identified and discussed.	Public Access Workgroup	2020-2021	

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